Highway to link S. Arabia, Egypt

RIVADH (AP) - Sandi Arabia and Egypt will be 10 minutes apart by car when a projected causeway from the Sinai peninsule to the Sandi coast is completed, a Sandi newspaper reported Sunday. The Danmam-based daily Al Yaum said the roadway across the Straits of Tiran will cost \$500 million and take three to five years to execute. The report did not specify how close the highway would come to Ras Mohammad, a nature preserve at the very tip of the Sinai peniusula known internationally for its stunning at the very tip of the Sinai peniusula known internationally for its stunning coral reefs and fish. The blueprint will be discussed at the meeting of the joint Saudi-Egyptian commission under the chairmanship foreign ministers in Cairo in September, with a preparatory meeting in August in Riyadh, the paper said. It will then be submitted to the higher anthorities for final approval, the paper said. The paper said the highway, which would include a bridge high enough to allow ships to pass through the Gulf of Aqaha, will stretch from the Shai coast to the west coast of Saudi Arabia via the island of Thran. It will be 14.9 kilometres "and will reduce the distance by carbetween the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and Egypt to about 10 minutes," the nancer said.



'Superpower initiative' expected

RIYADH (AP) — The United States and the Soviet Union are planning to launch a joint peace initiative for the Middle East, a Saudi Arabian newspaper reported Sunday. The daily newspaper Al Nadwa, quoting an midentified Egyptian diplomatic source, said that the initiative involves a shuttle between Middle East capitals by a joint American-Soviet delegation. It said the idea was raised by U.S. Secretary of State James Baker during his recent talks in Moscow with his Soviet counterpart Eduard Shevard nadze. No details of the plan were reported. Baker's condition was that the Soviet Union firt restore diplomatic ties with Israel. "Baker told Shevardnadze about the idea of sending a Soviet-American delegation to the region, but he made it a condition that Moscow restore its ties with Tel Aviv so that the task of the joint delegation can succeed," Al Nadwa quoted the Egyptian diplomat as saying. Shevardnadze, according to the source, was "responsive to the American view on relations with Israel and affirmed was "responsive to the American view on relations will lot account was seriously studying this matter but was awaiting some israeli flexibility on the peacemaking process as an encouragement."

Volume 14 Number 4084

AMMAN MONDAY, MAY 15, 1989, SHAWWAL 10, 1409

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence



PUNISH CHINA'S RUSHDIE' chant Chinese Muslim women as they march past the Tiananmen rostrum in Peking Friday to protest against a book entitled "Sexual Customs." The book was described Chinese Muslims as openly insulting Islam,

and was compared with the "Satanic Verses" written by Indianborn British author Salman Rushdie, who is under an Iranian threat (see page 8).

2 Israeli wounded

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) - A Palestinian shot and slightly injured two Israeli policemen in northern Israel Sunday and was seriously wounded by return fire, sources said.

They said the Palestinian, whose identity was not immediately known, fired on a police van near Shata prison in the Beit Shean valley. He was now in critical condition in an

The shooting was the latest in a spate of attacks by Palestinians within Israel's pre-1967 borders. Cabinet ministers recently warned that the 17-month-old nprising in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip was spreading to

A soldier who went missing in February was found dead with a bullet wound in his head in soutb-

ern Israel last week. Hundreds of volunteers joined troops and police Sunday to search for another soldier. Ilan Saadon, who went missing earlier this month after hitching a ride not far from the Gaza Strip.

Police blamed Palestinian nationalists for both abductions. which sparked anti-Arab demonstrations in Ashdod and Ashkelon, the soldiers' home towns.

Israeli youths from Ashdod stoned cars from the Gaza Strip Sunday but caused no damage or injuries. Police said they arrested a photographer who urged the yours to stone Arab cars, tempting them with promises of their picture in the newspaper.

Troops shot and wounded at least eight stone-throwing Palestimans aged between 10 and 15 during demonstrations in the Gaza Strip Sunday, hospital officials said.

An Arab teenager was found stabbed to death in Khan Younis Sunday. Palestinians said he was a drug dealer suspected of col-

laborating with Israel.

More than 40 suspected collaborators have been killed during the uprising.

Meanwhile, an Israeli military court Sunday remanded in custody two Palestinians accused of helping Professor Sari Nusseibeh

organise the uprising. Nusseibeh has not been charged with any offence. But the

judge said there was enough evidence to bold the pair in jail until their trial.

Court papers accused Hamza Samadi. 29, of passing informa-tion between Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) officials and Nusseibeb, to be included in leaf-

lets directing the revolt.
Faed Al Haj, 29, of Birzeit was accused of receiving more than \$250,000 from Nusseibeb to fi-

nance the 17-month-old uprising. Defence lawyer Ibrahim Nassar said it was nufair that his clients were held in custody while Nusseibeh went uncharged.

No date has been set for their

Israeli cabinet approves policemen Shamir plan, evades issues

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — The Israeli cabinet endorsed Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's proposals for elections in the occupied territories Sunday but evaded key issues on which the United States sought concessions.

· Ministers approved by a vote of 20-6 a peace plan that envisages "free, democratic and secret" elections to choose representatives to negotiate Palestinian "self-rule" with Israel.

Sidestepping U.S. requests, the document does not say if 140,000 will be allowed to vote and does not mention international supervision or a pullback of Israeli troops before the election.

Asked why these points were omitted, Communications Minister Gad Yaacobi told reporters: 'Constructive ambiguity is essential for progress in such a complicated political progress.

Cabinet sources said Shamir told ministers the plan was meant to counter a Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) peace initiative which be said "threatens to bring our enemies to the gates of

Jerusalem." The 20-point document, entitied "A Peace Initiative by the Government of Israel," does not make elections strictly conditional on an end to the 17-month-old

Palestinian uprising. But it states: "In the period of the preparations and implementation, there shall be a calming of the violence in (the West

Bank) and the Gaza district."

image during the 6-1/2 hour discussion of the peace plan. •

"I have become deeply concerned over the erosion of Israel's international standing. This in-itiative comes in stem the tide," he was quoted as saying.

Right-wing strongman Ariel Sharon led the opposition in cabinet to the proposal, which he said could lead Israel towards a "terrible tragedy."

demanded instead the crushing of the uprising, major expansion of Jewish settlement in the occupied territories and extension of Israeli law to the areas.

Sbarnri and Arens presented the proposal to visiting U.S. State Department official Dennis Ross, stressing that Palestinians would have to accept the Israeli package in full, aides said.

Ross met with four Palestinians but 11 others boycotted the meeting at the U.S. consulate in Jerusalem. The key topic was the elections proposal, which Palesti-nians made clear would have to

be endorsed by the PLO. We accept the elections in principle to be free and democratic under international supervision with the full consent of the PLO," said Elias Freij, mayor of Bethlehem

Six Palestinians who did not attend sent a letter to U.S. officials criticising the Shamir plan as "grossly deficient" and saying it Cabinet sources said Foreign was "not part of a political pro-

gloomy picture of Israel's world establishment of an independent Palestinian state."

"It is clear that Shamir's plan ignores the Palestinian people living in the diaspora," said the letter. "It is an attempt to create a local interlocutor which will replace our avowed leadership (the PLO)."

But the six — Sari Nusseibeh, Ziad Abu Ziad, Ezzedin Arian, Zakaria Al Agha. Ghassan Al Khatib and Zahira Kamal — did Sharon, architect of Israel's not rule out participation in the 1982 Lehanon invasion and now election, apparently softening minister of trade and industry, previous rejections of the İsraeli idea.

Israel'a proposals, modelled on the 1978 Israeli-Egyptian Camp David plan, said Palestinians would "conduct their affairs of daily life" during a five-year interim period, while Israel would remain responsible for 'security.

The elected negotialors would also serve as a self-governing authority during the transition, and would be "the central Palestinian component, subject to agreement after three years, in the negotiations for the permanent solution.

Contestants would bave to submit their candidacy "in accordance with the detailed document which shall determine the subject of the elections," an apparent effort to prevent the PLO from turning the poll into a referendum on Palestinian independ-

The document contains no Israeli commitment to trade occupied land for peace and rules out negotiations with the PLO.

Flurry of inter-Arab contacts ahead of Casablanca summit

Bahrain, Sheikh Isa Ibn Salman Al Khalifa, arrived in Iraq Sunday as Sulian Qaboos of Oman began an official visit to Kuwait amid inter-Arab consultations ahead of an emergency Arab summit conference in Morocco.

The top-level meeting, scheduled for May 23-24 in Casablanca will tackle three major issues - the Palestinian problem, the Lebanese civil war and the restoration of Egypt's membership at the 22-nation Arab League.

Arab officials have said. Sheikh Isa was scheduled to fly on to Cairo after his 48-hour official visit to Baghdad and talks with Iraqi President Saddam Hus-

sein, official sources said. Kuwait is the first leg of a six-state Arab and European tour by Sultan Qaboos, who is on one of his rare international forrays. The other countries on his itinerary are Jordan, Egypt, France, Spain and the United Kingdom. Qaboos has not been on a trip

outside the Arah World since his 1983 visit to the United States. Official sources in the Bahraini and Omani capitals said that Sbeikh Isa and Sultan Qaboos will discuss the Gulf situation and Arah and international issues on

their tours. Syria has removed a major

by announcing that it would not try to block attendance by Egypuan President Hosni Mubarak.

Damascus does not have relations with Cairo, but a spokesman for President Hafez Al Assad said he would not object to Mubarak taking part in the Arab League meeting opening in Morocco May 23.

"Syria sees in the attendance of President Mubarak at the Casablanca summit a natural and positive development," spokesman Joubran Kourieh told Reuters Saturday in response to a quesnon about Mubarak's role.

Kourieh, replying to a question by Reuters on Muharak's participation at the summit, said: "Syria knows that... Mubarak, who is linked with an old friendship with President Hafez Al Assad, is not Anwar Sadat and is not responsible for the policy which kept Egypt away from the Arab ranks.

"Syria does not disregard the positive elements in the policies of President Mubarak," he said. Diplomats said the announcement meant Libya might row be the only Arab country opposed to reseating Egypt in the Arab

The Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting countries. which includes Syria and Libya, Libya did not vote against the move but expressed reservations. Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi made an unexpected visit to Morocco Saturday for talks with King Hassan in Casablanca but it was not immediately clear if Libya would attend the

Libya, Svria and Lebanon are the only Arab countries not to have restored relations with Cairo, cut in protest at its 1979 treaty with Israel.

The diplomats said Lebanon. despite having rival governments divided over Syria's role and military presence in the country, would probably follow the line from Damascus and accept Mubarak's presence in Casab-

Sheikh Khalifa Ibn Zayed Al Nahayan, crown prince of Abu Dhabi in the UAE, discussed the summit with Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak during a trip to Cairo Saturday.

Syrian spokesman Kourieh confirmed Saturday that Assad would lead Syria's delegation to the summit, and said Syria would work to make it a success. Speaking about Syria's rela-

tions with Egypt, the spokesman Syria, which fought the 1973 October war (against Israel) with

voted Saturday to readmit Egypt. the sister country of Egypt, knows the importance of the Egyptian people and army in the

Arab national struggle. "Syria supported Egypt's return to its natural place in national Arab struggle.

Asked about Syria's stand on summit issues, Kourieh said Damascus had always called for Arab unity and supported moves for joint Arah action to free the Israeli-occupied territories and

restore Palestinian rights. A turning point in Syria's attitude came at an Arah League summit in Amman in November 1978 when Damascus did not object to a decision to allow individual Arab countries to res-

tore ties with Egypt. Saudi Arabia and Jordan have intensified mediation efforts in the last two years, ending a war of words between Syria and Egypt. Officials in both countries have made positive statements on rela-

tions. Saudi Arabia's Crown Prince Abdullah Ibn Abdul Aziz visited Damascus in January as part of the diplomatic drive to end the 10-year rift and helped to persuade Syria to restore ties with summit host Morocco.

Syria cui relations with Rahat in 1986 in protest at a visit by then Israeli Prime Minister Shimon

Peres to the kingdom.



Panama's opposition vice-presidential candidate tour of Panama City with other opposition candi-

Guillermo Ford is attacked and beaten by a pro-government supporter Wednesday while on a

Bush calls on people, PDF to oust strongman Panamanian church joins

opposition against Noriega

PANAMA CITY (Agencies) beating of political candidates, the annulment of elections and other actions of Manuel Noriega was read Sunday on government-controlled television and at Roman Catholic masses across

The opposition called Saturday for unspecified displays of protest at church services, but none were reported at early masses, although many congregations applauded the pastoral letter. The opposition has also called

for a 24-bour general strike Wednesday. U.S. President George Bush

said he doesn't want to be the gringo from up north," but he raised the stakes dramatically in his confrontation with Noriega by urging Panamanians to overthrow their country's de facto ruler.

Previously, Bush had called on Noriega to step aside, but had not urged direct revolt in the crisis that has developed since Panama's disputed election last Sunday.

At a political fundraising dinner in Lexington, Kentucky, Saturday night, shortly after urging the Panamanian military to oust Noriega, Bush said he did not want "a return to the days of the imperialistic gringos of the north.

But he vowed to protect the 50,000 Americans in Panama. "Let me be clear on one point, I will protect American lives in Panama... we will not let American lives be put at risk by a

A pastoral letter condemning the . Earlier, Bush said the Panamanian people "ought to do everything they can to get him (Noriega) out."

"I would love to see them (the Panamanian Defence Forces) get him out... not just the PDF, the will of the people," Bush told reporters travelling with him on Air Force one from Lorman to Starkville, Mississippi, when asked if he was urging a military

U.S. troops ordered in by Bush settled into tents around Panama Canal bases a few kilometres from the capital. The Panamanian government,

Meanwhile the 1,881 fresh

which has issued few statements this week, had no reaction to Bush's call Saturday but said that the nation was so calm Saturday that many Panamanian troops were being given leave.

In fact there were almost no troops visible, even at the central barracks where Noriega lives. The pastoral letter asked the PDF not to use their arms against "a defenceless people" and asked for solidarity and prayer.

The letter was originally issued Thursday by Archbishop Marcos McGrath and other bishops of the Roman Catholic Episcopal Conference of Panama, one day after presidential hopeful Guillermo Endara and other opposition candidates were beaten by progovernment forces.

There had been some doubt that the government would permit the letter to be read on the sion's normal Sunday mass

McGrath himself did not appear, as he usually does, but the letter was read by a lay person. McGrath himself was celebrating mass at an undisclosed location, a spokeswoman for the church said. The government continued to

try to jam U.S. armed forces television news programme whenever the issue of Wednesday's vote, which the government declared null after it said tallies were lost, was mentioned. Nevertheless. Bush and commentators discussing Panama could often be heard.

It is uncertain whether Bush's call for a virtual coup would shake the PDF's strong loyalty to their leader.

The official Soviet news agency TASS Saturday accused the United States of heightening tension in Panama and demanded an immediate end to "outside pressure" on the country.

The agency, in an official state-ment, said Washington had been waging an anti-Panama campaign for more than a year and had used economic measures, psychological pressure and "ultimatumlike threats" in the run-up to last Sunday's elections.

'The commitment to democracy, as the Washington line towards Panama is presented, is nothing other than intervention into internal affairs and a defiance of the elemental norms of international law," TASS said.

Soviets vote again

MOSCOW (Agencies) - Soviet voters were choosing from a wealth of candidates Sunday in more halloting for the country's revamped parliament.

Officials seemed resign the certainty that parliament would open May 25 with some empty seats where split votes would have cost leading candidates the necessary majorities.

"In many constituencies where there are 20 or more candidates. a new round is inevitable," the Communist Party daily Pravda said in a front-page editorial.

A total of 1,216 candidates

were vying for 198 unfilled seats in the new, more powerful Congress of People's Deputies.

The voting amounted to the third round of the Soviet Union's first genuinely multi-candidate elections and in more than half the seats at stake, at least four hopefuls were pitted against one another.

Leningrad confronted ballot papers bearing the names of 34 candidates. Thirty-three were standing in a similar Kiev constituency. A run-off round must be held within two weeks and completely

Voters in a seat covering all of

new elections staged if no winner is declared in constituencies with only one or two candidates. Sunday's voting was taking

place in areas where only one or two candidates contested the first round of voting March 26 but none achieved the required 50 per cent of ballots cast.

Most of the officials embarrassed the first round of elections on March 26 chose not to run again. and their places were taken by figures such as Vitaly Korotich, reformist editor of Ogonyok magazine in the Ukrainian city Kharkov; investigator Nikolai Ivanov, an anti-corruption crusader in Leningrad; Olympic weightlifting champion Yuri Vlasov and liberal playwright Mikhail Shatrov in Moscow; and commentator Alexander Bovin and Anatoly Ivanoc, editor of the ultra-conservative monthly Molodaya Gvardiya, in Zagorsk.



Minister Moshe Arens painted a cess that would lead clearly to the Sporadic violence persists in Beirut

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Gunbattles erupted in hills above Beirut Sunday as rival forces traded sporadic artillery fire, threatening to undermine the Arab League's latest ceasefire.

Police said Micbael Aoun's troops were locked in sniper fire and rocket-propelled grenade duels with Lebanese militiamen and Syrian forces at the mountaintop town of Souk Al Gbarb

southeast of Beirut. The strategic town sits atop a road network leading from the Druze hinterland in the Shouf mountains to the Christian enclave north and northeast of Bejrut. No casualties were reported at the Souk Al Gharb

front. Police said at least 40 shells were fired from west Beirut onto a coastal stertch running trough the port of Byblos, 30 kilometres north of Beirut. No casualties were reported in the barrage, apparently aimed at preventing ships from entering the to the mountains Sunday for a breath of fresh air or basked on beaches. Many families were reunited for Sunday lunches for

the first time since mid-March. The ceasefire Thursday ended 60 days of artillery duels. It failed to halt shelling aimed at stopping ships docking at Aoun-controlled ports.

Public confidence in the ceasefire increased when the Arab League mediators, before leaving Beirut for talks in Damascus, announced that the warring factions would keep their guns si-

The mediators discussed Lebanon with Syrian Foreign Minister Farouq Al Sharaa Sunday and diplomats said they appeared more optimistic the ceasefire would hold. They later left for

The envoys were to return to Syria Tuesday or Wednesday to resume negotiations with Syrian and Lebanese leaders on arrangements for the deployment of a

Thousands of Beirutis headed 300-man ceasefire observer force in Lebanon.

Sharaa discussed developments with Lakbdar Ibrahimi, the league's assistant secretarygeneral, and Ahmad Abdul Aziz Al-Jassem, Kuwait's ambassador

Ibrahimi Thursday negotiated the ceasefire in Lebanon. Diplomats said the envoys seemed optimistic the ceasefire would hold. The Syria Times said the continuing crisis served the interests of Israel, which wanted to partition Lebanon and impose hegemony over it. It said those who

foiled opportunities for reconciliation served Israeli interests. "On this basis, we note the harmony and coordination between the mad general (Aoun) and Israel's efforts to pouroil on the fire of disunity, not only to worsen the situation in Lebanon but to cause trouble for Syria."

The Arab league envoys later left for Kuwait to report to Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sahah.

Afghan rebels say massive assault on **Kabul planned**

ISLAMABAD (AP) — Rebels said Saturday that some 30,000 fighters were preparing for an imminent attack on Kabul, the Afghan capital.

Rebel leaders and foreign observers had said earlier that an assault on Afghanistan's capital might occur in mid-May, following the spring thaw and the end last weekend of Ramadan.

"About 30,000 Mujahedeen forces will launch a common attack on Kabul city very soon, the rebels' Afghan News Agency (ANA) quoted a guerrilla commander, Mobammad Nasir, as

saying. Neither ANA nor other Mujahedeen sources would specify the date of the assault.

President Najibullah has insisted that his forces are strong enough to withstand a rebel onslaught, Najibullah has already proven wrong early predictions that his government would fall quickly once Soviet troops, which had been bolstering his forces.

withdrew in February. Kabul is a city of about two million people some 180 kilometres west of the border with Pakistan, where a coalition of Afghan rebels is based. It is protected by at least three security rings built by Soviet forces. Tribal leaders lo meet

The Afghan government has announced that the council of tribal elders would meet this month and be asked to extend the state of emergency.

Foreign Minister Abdul Wakil said Saturday the Loya Jirgah, orgrand assembly would convene "in the next few days" but gave

Wakil made his remarks before leaving for the conference of nonaligned nations in Zimbabwe. Foreign Ministry spokesman Mohammad Nabi Amani said the grand assembly would be asked to extend a state of emergency that is scheduled to expire May

Najibullah declared the emergency Feb. 18, three days after the last Soviet troops left

was necessary because of threat of foreign aggression and subversive activities by the rebels trying to overthrow his government.

Amani said the government had hoped to allow the emergency to expire, but said reports that neighbouring Pakistan was planning to attack the eastern city of Jalalabad and the southern city of Kandahar made an extension

The Loya Jirgah last met in November 1987. During the meeting the elders adopted the country's constitution and confirmed Najibullah as president.

The assembly consists of members of the national assembly, IO elected deputies from each province, the governors of the pro-vinces and the mayor of Kabul, the prime minister and his deputies, cabinet members, members of the supreme court, the attorney general and his deputies, and 50 people selected by the president.

The assembly is empowered to accept and amend the constitution, elect the president and accept his resignation, declare war and consider issues affecting

deen positions around Jalalabad 35 times Friday. Rebels gave no figures of their own casualties but claimed to have killed more than



of volleyball in a village 12 kilometres from Kabul that was formerly

80 government troops The rebels have formed their own government-in-exile and

ern Afghanistan by this summer. Four countries have officially announced plans to establish a recognised the rebel government

Iranian-Saudi talks on Haj said to have broken off

DUBAI (R) — Iran and Saudi Arabia bave brokeo off efforts to eod Tehran's boycott of the annual Haj pilgrimage to Mecca, Iranian sources in the Gulf said

Even if contacts resumed, it was now almost impossible to arrange for Iranians to take part in this year's pilgrimage in July, said the sources, who are close to members of Iran's negotiating

Saudi Arabia broke diplomatic relations with Iran in a row which ensued after riots during the 1987 pilgrimage when Saudi security forces clashed with Iranians staging a political demonstration. More than 400 people, mostly Iranian pilgrims, were killed.

Western diplomats said the ssue was closely connected with a challenge by Iran's spiritual lead-er, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, to Saudi Arabia's traditional role as the guardian of Islam and with Iran's threatening proximity to Arab Gulf states.

South African arms manufacturer, Armscor, in

the operation which led to the arrest of five men

in Paris last mooth in a reported missile-for-arms

The newspaper said Israel was as keen as

Armscor on obtaining the latest British missile technology because it is "critically short of

modern air defences for its ground forces" after

20 years of underestimating Arab air forces."

The report said: "The nltimate goal of the

Paris operation is thought to have been for South

Africa and Israel to undertake joint development

of a series of high-speed missiles for use by both

Britain's MI6 intelligence gathering agency could

well be strained again by the affair, shortly after

they bealed following a six-month rupture last

year when Mossad agent Ismael Sowan, posing as

The weekly said relations between Mossad and

ground and air forces.

LONDON (AP) — A group claiming to have kidnapped a

nobody has ever been arrested in

But both countries expressed willingness to try to improve relations following last August's ceasefire in the Iran-Iraq war.

Tehran demanded four concessions. It wanted Saudi Arabia to accept 150,000 Iranian pilgrims. to allow them to hold political demonstrations, to compensate Iran for the 1987 casualties and to make an apology.
Saudi officials have consistent-

denied that any direct talks have takeo place but diplomats in the region say that negotiations have been going on indirectly for several months, mainly through other Muslim states such as

Riyadh has said repeatedly that Iran must stick to a quota of 45,000 pilgrims, agreed by Islamic states last year.

Arab diplomats in the Gulf said Saudi Arabia would never allow the pilgrimage to be turned into a forum for political protest.

An official Saudi statement last week said anyone who disrupted

Israel involved in missile espionage

the pilgrimage would be liable for punishment under strict Islamic

The Iranian sources said Rivadh refused to make an apology and had ruled out political demonstrations. But they said it had agreed to consider compensation and to allow some increase in the quota in view of the absence of Iranian pilgrims last

The Western diplomats said a s failure to end the boycott this year did not necessarily rule out better Iranian-Sandi ties on fronts such as cooperation within the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC). But it would mean progress on impro-ving political relations was un-

They noted that the official Iranian media had reverted to referring to Saudi Arabia as the 'illegal governme of of Hijaz," a derogatory term which was dropped about six months ago.

and a U.S. arms dealer to supply British missile

parts made in Belfast in return for South African

parts of the shoulder-launched Blowpipe missile,

used by the British army, which would have enabled Armscor to develop its own missiles. The Sunday Telegraph said Mossad was eager to acquire the technology of the latest British

high-velocity missile, Starstreak.

Both Blowpipe and Starstreak are made at the

The report said MI6 is investigating how the

are believed to have been purchased with South.

"It is bere that sources believe Mossad actively

Northern Irisb Protestants received arms which

African money and shipped from militia groups

assisted with the South African operation," the

Short Brothers factory in Belfast.

The three men were alleged to have smuggled

a member of the PLO, was jailed for 11 years for LONDON (AP) — Israel's Mossad secret service the country's future. possessing an arms cache in England. was involved in South African espionage efforts Rebels said Saturday govern-ment aircraft bombed Mujahe-Afghanistan. Three of the men arrested in Paris are Northheld by rebels to obtain British missile technology, the Sunday Naiibullah said the emergency ern Ireland Protestants who are alleged to have Telegraph reported. headquarters somewhere in east-The conservative weekly, quoting unideotified 'security sources in London," linked Mossad and been negotiating with a South African diplomat

Rich rewards await crew of relief train to S. Sudan

By Hamza Hendawi Reuters

KHARTOUM — Rich rewards have lured Sudanese railway workers into agreeing to crew an unescorted train carrying food into famine-stricken southern Sudan.

The Sudan News Agency (SUNA) said Saturday that Sudanese and U.N. officials had agreed with railway workers after month-long negotiations to

allow the trip to go ahead.

Each member of the crew
were to be given 2,000 Sudanese pounds (\$444) before the train sets out Sunday. They will receive I3,000 pounds (\$2,888) for every return trip from Al Muglad in south Kordofan province to Aweil, 250 kilometres to the

ZAHRANI (Agencies) - A 21-

year-old West German relief

worker kidnapped 10 days ago

Markus Quint arrived at the

beadquarters of the relief orga-

nisation he worked for at 3:55

p.m. (1255 GMT) with Nahih

Berri, head of the Amal militia.

Humanitas base in Zahrani in

Berri's armoured white BMW

car. Berri Is also justice minis-

ter in the civilian cahinet of

Lebanon's divided govern-

Quint, wearing a brown

track suit and plastic slippers.

turned to the militia chief and

thanked him for belping in his

"I thank the minister and I

thank the Amal movement a lol

for releasing me," said Quint,

nervously smoking a cigarette.

the identity of his kidnappers,

by his captors, adding, "they

did not hurt me. They were

very good with me and I didn't

Quint said he did not know

what his furutre plans were. "1

don't know if I will stay in

face any problems with food."

Quint said, "I'm tired."

Asked if he had any cine to

He said he was well-treated

He arrived at the Asme-

was released Sunday.

The train, loaded with nearly 1,500 tonnes of food, will travel without a military escort, a prospect which initially prompted the railwaymen to refuse to make the trip.

The 49-wagon train, part of a \$132-million U.N. relief plan called Lifeline Sudan, was due ta drop off some supplies in government and rebel-held areas on the way to Aweil. SUNA, reporting from Al

Muglad, said 100,000 pounds (\$22,200) would he paid to the family of any worker killed on the trip and 75,000 pounds (\$16,600) to the badly injured.

The rebel Sudan People's Li-beratinu Army (SPLA) has amhushed several trains, river barges and Irnck convoys travelling to the south since it

W. German hostage released

Lebanon or leave," he said.

sponsility for the kidnapping,

reportedly linked to the mur-

der and hijacking trial of a

press conference that he and

Berri held at relief group's

base. Berri said his militia

obtained Quint's freedom.

Amai controls most of southern

freedom. We did not pay the kidnappers any money," said

He refused to reveal the

identity of the kidnappers,

saying: "I don't want to say

anything that will burt Quint

Berri refused to comment

further on how Quint was re-

leased, adding: "I did not meet

the kidnappers. Many contacts

were made and, of course, we

exerted a lot of pressure and

Quint was abducted with two

West German colleagues on

May 4. The other two, who

were released a few hours la-

ter, told journalists they were

and his colleagues."

carried out raids."

Berri.

"Amal has obtained Quint's

Quint spoke at a 20-minute

Lebanese in West Germany.

No group had claimed re-

started fighting government

troops in 1983. The SPLA said it launched the attacks, in which scores of railway and river transport workers and drivers were killed, because the supplies were supporting government garri-

SPLA leader John Garang declared a unilateral one-month ceasefire on May 1 for the relief operation. The government welcomed the move but fell short of saying it would reciprocate.

Lifeline Sudan began April 1 with U.N. officials saying it was designed to feed about 2.2 million people. They said this in-cluded 100,000 who were in danger of dying unless supplies

carrying demands from kid-

nappers who they said had

The demands of the captors, reported to be Lebanese, have

Some security sources said

the kidnappers wanted the re-

lease of an Arab in a Cypriot

jail. Others linked the abduc-

tion to the detention in West

Quint's release cut to 18 the

number of Westerners missing

and believed kidnapped in

Lebanon, including 74-year-

old Briton Jack Mann who

vanished in west Beirut Friday.

itially expressed scepticism at

Quint's kidnapping, hut later

past few years mediated the

release of several Western hos-

tages, including Americans on

a TWA airliner hijacked to

Mohammad Ali Hammadi

one of the two Lehauese

brothers held in West Ger-

many, has been charged with

involvement in the hijacking of

the TWA jet and faces judg-

Berri's militia has over the

confirmed it.

Beirut in 1985.

ment Wednesday.

The Bonn government in-

Germany of two Lebanese.

threatened Quint's life.

not been disclosed.

reached them. Twenty aircraft, at an estimated cost of \$2 million a day, are ferrying food to districts held by both the army and the SPLA,

Convoys of trucks from Kenya and Uganda are also moving supplies into south Sudan. where an estimated 250,000 people died last year of hunger and disease.

The SPLA launched its guerrilla war to end what it regards as the domination by the north over the south. It also wants Sadan governed by secular

Lifeline's coordinator in Sudan, Bryan Wannop, was quoted by Khartoum newspapers Saturday as saying he hoped the relief train would complete its journey without incident. Wannop, head of the U.N.

Development Programme in Sudan, was to accompany it on the first trip with teams of relief workers who will stay behind to monitor distribution of the food,

plies should reach the bellige-Ohag Mobammad Mousa,

Lifeline says none of the sup-

Sudan's minister of social wel-fare and relief, said the trip would refute what he called media reports that the Khartourn government was preventing relief reaching the south because it racially discriminated against southerners.

Lifeline has so far delivered more than 45,000 tonnes of supplies to the south, according to U.N. officials. Their target is 120,000 tonnes by the end of

Israelis 'losing control' over 'liberated' villages

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R). police search-and-arrest raid met - Israeli officials are concerned that the Palestinian uprising has seized control of dozens of villages in the occupied West Bank, sources said Sunday.

"The army doesn't have enough men in the field. It can control the main towns and keep the main roads open but it bas lost the initiative in the countryside," one source said.

Many remote villages, rarely patrolled by the army because they do not lie on major roads, have declared themselves "liberated" and are controlled by the. masked protesters who enforce the uprising's directives.

A severe shortage of army manpower, due to reductions in annual reserve duty and return combat units to their normal training schedule, has contributed to the problem, the sources

The army has come under political pressure to take action after Israel television recently screened foreign media film of para-military parades in West Bank villages by masked, uniformed youths carrying wooden mock assault

The army's dilemma was highlighted last month when a border massive resistance from Palestinians in the village of Nahalin, near Bethlehem.

Border policemen shot dead

five Palestinians and wounding at least 13, an army inquiry found. Nahalin is typical of dozens of villages scattered around the West Bank, off the main highways, where residents erect stone roadblocks, mount an organised guard, hold para-military marches and festoon walls with nationalist grafitti and Palestinian

The military commander of the West Bank, Major-General Amram Mitzna, told Reuters in March the army had dropped its policy of mounting large-scale raids on rebellious villages. Before then, in so-called "initi-

ated actions," troops frequently raided villages before dawn. arresting suspects and forcing residents to clear streets and remove nationalist flags and slo-Mitzna said army policy now

was to stay out of villages that did not disrupt major roads. But Jewish settlers and some senior army officers criticised the hands-off policy, saying it emboldened Palestinians to seize control.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

of Briton mystifies Scotland Yard newspaper Al Qabas July 22.

in Lebanon.

Briton in Lebanon demanded the release of comrades jailed in connectioo with the killing of a Palestinian cartoonist in London but Scotland Yard says that killed him.

Demand of alleged kidnappers

the case. The demand by the previously unknown group calling itself the Cells of Armed Struggle mystified British authorities because the murder of Ali Naji Al Adhami remains unsolved nearly two years after his death.

force pilot, disappeared on his way to bank in Beirut Friday and bours later the group claimed it had kidnapped a Briton. It did not identify Mann by name. The foreign office said: "It's

the only indication we have so far that Mann may have been kidnapped." In its handwritten Arabic state-

Jack Mann, a retired royal air

ment, the Cells of Armed Strug-gle said: "We ask the British government to release our comrades held in jails without proof on the charges of killing Naji Al Ali who was killed by the Israeli (intelligence service) Mossad and the British intelligence service.

"We announce our readiness to immediately release the captive if the British government announces the start of a fair trial of our comrades, reveals their unknown fate and explains the reasons for continuing to hold Adhami, who was also known

as Naji Al Ali, was shot in the head by a lone gunman outside the London office of the Kuwaiti

1987. He died in hospital five weeks later.

the many groups he satirised had Adbami was the most famous

and feared cartoonist in the Arab World, He satirised the leadership of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), characterising them as rich meo enjoying fast cars and jet-set travel. He treated the Gulf war as a cruelty inflicted on both sides.

He was expelled from Kuwait in 1985 and for the two years before his death worked on Al

Qabas, which installed a security system because of death threats. The aftermath to his murder provoked a diplomatic row over Mossad's activities in Britain.

In June 1988, Ismael Sowan, an Israeli double agent posing as a member of the PLO. was sentenced to 11 years in prison for keeping a cache of explosives for the PLO in his home in the eastern England port of Hull.

Sowan, 28, was arrested in August 1987 by police investigating Adhami's murder.

He testified at his trial in Loudon that the weapons found in locked suitcases in his home belonged to Abder Mustapha, who suspected of organising Adhami's murder. Police said that Mustapha fled to the Middle East after Adhami was shot.

Scotland Yard said Saturday: "Apart from Sowan, who was convicted, nobody is being held in relation to the death.

After Sowan's coovictioo, Britain expelled an attache at the Israeli embassy for "activities in-At the time of the sbooting, compatible with his status," a observers speculated that one of eupbemism for spying. The expulsion was said at the time to be

uoprecedeoted for a diplomat from a friendly country. Britain also expelled an official of the Londoo office of the PLO

and informed the Israeli embassy tbat a second Israeli diplomat. who was abroad, would be unwelcome if he returned. Some weeks after Sowan's trial

eoded, newspapers reported that Mossad was believed to have dismantled an entire espionage cell in Britain.

In May 1988, the Sunday Telegraph said one theory being investigated by British intelligence was that Mossad may have been involved in some way which it did not specify in the cartoonist's murder. The paper said British intelligence suspected Mossad of sowing discord between Arab fac-

PLO denounces kidnap

tions in Britain.

The PLO Sunday condemned the kidnapping said it would "spare no effort to assist in his

Ahmed Abdul Rahman, spokesman for the PLO, told the French news ageocy Agence *France-Presse that the PLO condemned "vigorously this terrorist act against a very old man."

"We have never beard of this imaginary organisation (which claimed the kidnap), which has oo relation to Palestinian organisations," Abdul Rahman told the French news agency.

14:00 Ankara, Istanbul (TK)
14:00 Baghdad (IA)
14:28 Bahrain, Abu Dhabi, Sharjah (GF)
15:35 Kuwait (KU)

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME ONE ... Koran Programme review News summary in Arabic World News World around us Local programme Programme review . Variety Show News summary in Arabic

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WEATHER

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CHURCHES

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A gradual rise in temperatures will occur today making it relatively hot and dry. Winds will be westerly moder-

Min./max. temp. 22 / 39 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 31, Agaba 14, Humidity readings: Amman 37 per cent, Agaba 22 per **USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** AMMAN: Dr. Jamil Mahmoud Al Zir ...

Dr. Ahmad Al Natour Fires pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy 66t912 637055 mad Al Zu'bi

Dr. Farah 'Agrabawi .. **EMERGENCIES**

Civil Defence Department 661111 Civil Defence Immediale Highway Police Traffic Police ... 896390 Public Security Department . Hotel Complaints Price Complaints Water and Sewerage 897467 (directory assistance) 121
General Amman Telepholec
Repairs 23101
Abdail Telephone Repairs 661101

Jordan Electricity Authority ... 815015 HOSPITALS

AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 644281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 642362 Malhas, J. Amman . 636140 Sumcisani Hospital 669131 667227/9 Al-Ahli, Abdali 664164/6 talian, Al-Muhajreco Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich. 775111/26 Army, Marka 891611/15 Queen Alia Hospital Amal Hospital ZARQA: Zarqa Govt, Hospital (09)983223 Zarqa National Hospital ... (09)991071 Ibn Sina Hospital (09)986732 BBD:

Ibn Al Nafees Hospital..... (02)247100 Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal

Airport Tel. (08)53200-5. where it should always be verified.

Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oveen Alia International

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DEPARTURES

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Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

...... Aqaba (RJ) Vienna, Chicago. Los Angeles (RJ)
.... Frankfurt, Copenhagen (RJ)
..... Cairo (RJ)
..... Jeddah (RJ) Kuwaii, Abu Dhabi (RJ) Bahrain, Doha (RJ)
Baghdad (RJ)
Cairo (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) Frankfurt (LH)

MARKET PRICES Broad beans

CROWN PRINCE MEETS SHARIF ZAID: His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Sunday called at the Prime Ministry where he met for a while with Prime Minister Sharif Zaid

JSSI surveys child abuse

Social Service Institute (JSSI) has embarked on a two-week survey to-collect information on child abuse in the Kingdom, and is assisted by a team of 17 male and female researchers and social workers in this field.

Dr. Shabib Abu Jaber the institite's director said that the survey Liteam has started distributing questionnaires to 545 families picked out at random and representing high, medium and low moome groups. The question-naires are to be filled by the head of the family who will have to give basic information about the fantily members, and ways of treating children in different situations, according to Dr. Abu

He said that the survey aims to define practices by family members and education and treatment of children aged between nine and 18 so as to determine the,

degree of ahuse towards them. Treatment of children, he noted, is one of the most difficult problems facing parents in the country largely due to their lack of knowledge of children's development stages, and the social and economic changes that affect them. Theoretical preparatory work for this survey began in the middle of 1988, according to Ahu Jaber who expects to complete the survey by the end of May and to have a full report on the results before the end of the year.

Jordan, UAE sign cultural agreement

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) Sunday signed an executive-programme to implement a cultural agreement for the years 1989, 1990 and 1991.

The programme which was signed here by Minister of Plan-ning Ziyad Fariz and UAE Amhassador to Jordan Mohammad Jasem Shaker, provides for cooperation in education, highereducation, information, culture, social development, sports and

· youth affairs. According to the terms of the programme the two countries will exchange teachers and visits by educationists and curricula and school text books and will also participate in teachers training and encourage cooperation between universities and higher institutes of education in either

The two countries will cooperate in bolding seminars and conferences and lectures on educational and cultural themes and will exchange literary work und publications.

Under the terms of the agreement, Jordan will make available

municipal council building.

Jordanian universities and four at community colleges that provide technical and vocational training in exchange for six annual scholarships for Jordanian students in

UAE universities. The programme urges both sides to coordinate their efforts in information fields and to prepare a protocol that would provide for the exchange of expertise, informational programmes, books and publications and art exhibitions and visits by folk troupes.

The two also agreed on beloing one another in social research programmes and methods of dealing with bandicapped chil-dren, and in bolding scout and youth camps and other sports

Meanwhile, it was announced Sunday that a Jordanian Ministry of Agriculture team will pay an official visit to the UAE on Monday to meet with officials and discuss the question of bilateral cooperation in agricultural fields. The agreement will be a follow up on a previous protocol on agricultural cooperation. During the week-long visit the team will inspect UAE's agricultural systems

40 seats for UAE students at and projects.



Consolidating infrastructure

By Suhair Obeidat Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - After the spontaneous thrill, joy and pride with which a low-income family greets the arrival of a new born baby, the family soon realises that much bas to be invested in caring for the child's health and in saving for his/her future education.

Addressing these needs, the country's leadership, through the constant concern of His Majesty King Hussein and His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, has succeeded in building an infrastructure that fulfills peoples' basic needs for health and educa-

Consequently, this has lead to social change. Jordanians now have hetter opportunities to aspire for better lives for themselves and for their children.

"This is where the Queen Alia Fund (QAF) saw a very important role for itself: to participate with the government and the local authorities in the development of the local communities," technical adviser to the fund, Dr. Ali Othman told the Jordan Times in a recent interview.

Since its establishment twelve years ago, and through trial and error, the QAF found that it should concentrate its services in the less developed areas of social development, especially women education and child care, with determination to expand these

services to all regions in Jordan. As is the case, it is a universally accepted fact that the human being is formed in the early period of his life. The child's intelligence, his perceptive and analytical abilities are shaped in this period. So, for this reason, the QAF tries to serve pre-school children, through the establishment of kindergartens in the QAF centres, in cooperation with

the local authorities. The OAF also tries to provide

Fact-finding

U.N.

mission

due today

AMMAN (Petra) — A United

Nations fact-finding mission is

dne in Amman Monday to start

examination of the situation in

the occupied Arah territories.

The mission members, dispatch-

ed by the U.N. press office, will

meet with senior Jordanian offi-

cials and hear reports on the

Palestine question and the current situation in the occupied

lands as well as Israel's human

rights violations and repressive

measures practiced against the

Palestinian people. The mission

members will also tour a number

of Palestinian refugee camps in

Jordan during their five-day stay

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of

Transport Hikmat Khammash

Sunday approved the formation

of a special committee to draw up

plans to implement the royal

directives, contained in His

Majesty King Hussein's letter of designation to the new govern-ment. The subjects to be re-

viewed by the committee cover

organisational structure of the

ministry and its various depart-ments. The new committee

groups Abdullah Al Jazi, director general of the Hijazi Railway Corporation, Ali Ahanda, direc-

tor general of the Meteorology

Department and Mohammad

Shahid Ismail, director general of

the Telecommunications Cor-

in the country.

Ministry

draws

plans

the relevant education for mothers and fathers in child care. "Presently," we are cooperating with UNICEF to produce a series of 29 television films addressed to parents for this purpose." Othman said. For post-kindergarten children the QAF establishes children's clubs for extra curricu-

la activities (games, plays...).
"On the other hand, the OAF tries to provide women through workshops with hasic skills like tricot, cooking and household management. We also try to provide them with the basic knowledge that will make them better mothers and bousewives," Othman said.

But how does the QAF contacts those women? Othman explains that the fund contacts them through voluntary organisations or through local societies.

Because community development is a comprehensive approach to development, that includes all sectors, we are trying to huild up hridges with all the ministries concerned with local development, i.e. the ministries of health, education and agriculture, this in order to coordinate and sometimes even integrate our programmes with these ministries," he said.

Othman added that similar hridges are also being extended through the universities of Jordan, Yarmouk and Mu'ta.

The QAF has also become the umbrella organisation for three recently established bodies; the Research Centre for the Arab Council for Childhood and Development, the Scientific Organisation for Arab Women and the Council for Demographic Studies in Jordan.

"The objectives of these three new organisations are similar to ing that the QAF is a non-profit close relationships between them," he said.



Dr. Ali Othman

Othman pointed out that the fund was the first body to organise a programme for educating mothers of handicapped children on how to deal with their children's handicappes.

On the national level, and in order to enhance awareness of the problems of local development, QAF organises seminars and conferences on the topic of concern to its mandate. And what about QAF future

'So far, we have been working

in the south of Jordan (Karak, Tafileh) where we are needed most. Our future plans are to expand our services to the rest of the regions in Jordan, mainly in the north," Othman says.
"We expect community work-

ers will be in great demand in the future, so in two years time, the QAF is going to establish Zein Al Sbaraf centre, in order to train men and women who will be well qualified to work in the fields of community development throughout Jordan," he said.

those of the QAF, because of the organisation which tries to raise funds through the good offices of the government, from Arab and Highlighting one of QAF's friendly governments and from pioneer projects in the region, funs and private contributions.

Jaber leaves for UNEP conference

Government gets tougher on chemical transportation

AMMAN (J.T.) - Prime Minister Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker Sunday issued a defence order regulating the process of transporting chemical and dangerous materials in Jordan in order to ensure public safety.

The order prohibits the trans-portation of dangerous chemicals along any road in Jordan unless the transporting vehicle carries a clear sign giving indication of the goods, and unless the driver carries full details about the product endorsed by the concerned au-

The order made clear that vehicles with such products should. ohtain clearance for their opera-non from the Civil Defence and the customs autorities in the country. It said that the order applies not only to transportation of chemical substances within the Kingdom but also to those passing in transit to other countries and noted that violators of the

order will be prosecuted. Last March Jordan along with 110 nations signed an international agreement in Switzerland on controlling the process of transporting and dumping dangerous waste and chemical products.

Apart from the agreement, kown as the international agree-

ment on the trans houndary movement of perilous waste. Jordan signed documents paving the way for cooperation among Third World nations in protecting the environment and the atmos-

Meanwhile, Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Yousef Hamdan Al Jaber left Amman Sunday for Nairohi to take part in the United Nations Environment Programme's (UNEP) 15th meeting. The meeting will discuss subjects related to the world environment situation from now until the year 2000. It will discuss changes in the world's climate, destruction of the ozone layer and the disposal of dangerous waste and che-

In a statement before departure Jaber said that UNEP prog-rammes to safeguard the world's environment will be discussed at the week-long conference. On the agenda, he said is the environmental situation in the



Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker

Israeli held Arah territories, the danger of car exhaust fumes to public bealth, the adverse effects of acid fog rain on the environ-

The conference will also discuss reports on children and the environment and the environment and human settlements.

In addition reports on ways to protect in ozone layer and means of stemming desertification will also be discussed the minister

Jaber is accompanied by two

Jordan observes World Traffic Day

Roads claim 364 lives in 1988

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) - A total of 18,038 road accidents occurred in Jordan in 1988 causing the deaths of 364 persons and the injury of 9,953 others, according to official figures announced here Sunday during a festival marking World Traffic Day.

The figures were announced by Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Interior Salem Masaadeh who said that the accidents registered an 11.3 per cent increase over 1987 figures.

General safety on the roads is part of every citizen's responsibil-ity, and all Jordanians have a duty to try to reduce danger on the road by any possible means, the minister said in an address to a festival held on the occasion at the Royal Cultural Centre in

The celebration marking World Traffic Day manifests Jordan's keen interest in minimising the danger on roads as much as possible, the minister noted.

According to Masaadeh, most of the accidents, according to statistics, were blamed on reckless driving, and violation of traf-fic laws on the part of drivers and motorists. He said that the accidents are on the increase causing human loss and extensive damage

The Ministry of Interior he added, is giving due concern to this problem and is in the process of modernising and updating laws that govern the use of roads in towns and villages.

to property.

Addressing the meeting, was Public Security Department Director Abdul Hadi Al Majali who said that although Jordan was able to reduce accidents on the roads in the past years it is still considered one of the countries that suffer most from road accidents. Jordan strives to reduce accidents and bopes to attain that goal after finalising arrangements which entail installing road signs, imposing penalties on violating drivers and amending laws to serve the purpose, Majali noted.

Road accidents, he said, will continue to obstruct the process of construction and drain the ment.

country's resources unless drastic measures are imposed to deal with the situation.

New plates for vehicles

AMMAN (Petra) - The Vehicles and Drivers Licencing Department plans to issue new plates for various vehicles registered in Jordan as of the begin-ning of July 1989. A department official said that the new plates will carry four digits plus two letters in Arabic to make it easier for traffic police to read. The official said that the Public Security Department (PSD) which runs the department has set up a special plant for manufacturing the plates and the numbers in Arabic only. Previously the plates had to be imported from other countries before the figures could printed in Jordan, a process which used to create some technical difficulties for the depart-

Jordan, Egypt, Saudi Arabia agree to protect Aqaba ecology Prince Khaled was briefed on the RSS's operations. Badran

iold the guest about cooperation seminar on protecting the en-vironment in Aqaha Gulf from and coordination between the RSS and HCST in promoting pollution and developing marine scientific research and serving the resources has called for the objectives of the socio-economic formation of a well-trained emergency team to help combat the contamination of land and sea and to deal with sources of pollu-

> The seminar in which specialists from the Marine Science Station in Aqaba, the Scientific Research Academy in Alexandria, statement at the closing session the Gulf of Aqaha.

AQABA (Petra) - A two-day Egypt and three American universities took part, also called for close cooperation hetween Egypt, Jordan and Saudi Arahia in means of protecting the en-

> All projects to be carried out in the region ought to take into mical and hiological developments and effects on marine and land life in the Gulf, and should aim to increase the fish wealth, a . to protecting the environment in

> It said that scientists from Saudi Arabia should be involved in the Gulf's scientific programmes, and that concerned scientists from Jordan and Egypt should visit the United States in the last quarter of this year to consideration physiological, che-follow up discussions with their American counterparts at the universities of Michigan, Texas and Princeton on matters related

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan will patronise the 4th international conference on Jordan's history and antiquities due to be held in the French city of Leon during the period from May 30 to June 4,1989, according to a report hy the Arabic daily Al Dustour,

General of the Antiquities Department Ghazi Bisheh as saying that a number of archaeologists and historians from various parts of the world will discuss over six days issues pertaining to means of

settlement in archaeological sites in Jordan throughout the various

The Antiquities Department is carrying out excavations, mainte nance and restorations works to highlight the ancient cultural history of Jordan.

The department is also pursuing efforts to reveal further treasures of Jordan, in cooperation with local and foreign sciennfic institutions, through the joint archaeological expeditions, which carry out excavation works in the various archaeological sites in the

Military court sentences

AMMAN (Petra) --- The military court has ordered the imprisonment of four people for up to 15 years and the payment of fines for trafficking with drugs, and three others for charges that included forgery and robbery.

According to a court statement Rida Ahdul Rahman, Abdul Qader Ihrahim and Ali Mukhtar have been sentenced to eight years and the payment of JD 8,000 each for trafficking with heroin. The court sentenced

Ahmad Zaki in absentia for 15 years in prison and the payment of JD 20,000 for a similar charge. According to the statement, Mazen Mikhail Juhran has been sentenced in absentia to eight years in prison with hard labour and the payment of funds he had stolen through his forgery dealings and embezzlement. Salameh Mohammad Sbabaneh has been

sentenced to three years with

hard lahour for a rohhery

convenes at university today AMMAN (Petra) — An interna-

Major energy conference

tional conference on energy systems will open at the University of Jordan on Monday with the participation of specialists from Jordan, Arah and foreign coun-

The three-day conference aims to focus light on modern research in energy systems with special attention to ways of preserving energy and the use of renewable energy resources as well as exchange of expertise and information, and assessing energy re-sources and their effect on socioeconomic schemes in the developing world, according to Laith Shbeilat, president of the Jordanian Engineers Associa-

tion (JEA) which is organising the meeting.

Shbeilat told a press conference here on the eve of the conference that the delegates will tackle a host of important subjects dealing with solar and wind energy and its applications, renewable energy and its resources and ways for the preservation and rationalisation of energy consumption in its different forms.

The conference which will review a total of 31 working papers aims to concentrate attention on energy as a worldwide problem, and to highlight the current trend among industrialised nations towards reducing energy consump-

this connection, Shbeilat explained. He said that hy providing proper specifications and designs, engineers can help reduce energy consumption in buildings and homes, and can help spread awareness among the public on different means of employing

The JEA is bolding an exhibition of energy in cooperation with the Royal Scientific Society (RSS), the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources and several Jordanian companies during the conference which will be opened by Minister of Energy and Mineral Resources Hisham Al Khatih_

Ministry organises health seminar

AMMAN (Petra) - Means of comhatting non-infectious dis-eases and the role of voluntary associations in this respect will be tackled by a seminr to open here on May 22, according to an announcement by the Ministry of Health.

The director of the ministry's non-communicable diseases department Dr. Mohammad Bashir Shreim said that the seminar will discuss heart diseases, diseases connected to blood circulation, cancer, handicaps, road accidents, high blood pressure diahetes and other topics.

These are responsible for 80 per cent of deaths in advanced nations, nearly 50 per cent in developing countries and almost 65 per cent of deaths in Jordan. Shreim noted.

Subjects related to financial, technical and administrative measures required to combat such diseases, the voluntary and charitable societies' requirements to contribute to this endavour and the prospects of laying down a comprhenesive plan for combating these diseases will be reviewed at the seminar which is organised by the Health Ministry in cooperation with the General Union of Voluntary Societies (GUVS).

Shreim said that the Health Ministry is in charge of plans and preparing programmes for combating these diseases.

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

EXHIBITION OPENED: Deputising for Her Royal Highness Princess Sarvath, Information Minister Nasouh Majali Sunday inaugurated a 10-day art exhibition of Aziz Ammourah, held at the Alia Art Gallery. On display are 32 plates representing Arab letters and Kufic calligraphy; in addition to poetry verses for contemporary Arah poets (Petra).

QUARANTINE: A veterinary quarantine has been opened in Mafrag and local officials said that the project which cost JD 250,000 will help control and stem the spread of disease and hoost veterinary services. According to the officials the project consists of enclosures for sheep, warehouses and administrative offices for vets and officials

CONSUMPTION: The central market place in Amman last month received a total of 35,771 tonnes of fruits and vegetables coming from various regions to be marketed in the capital and neighbouring areas, according to market officials. They said 1,800 tonnes vegetables and fruits came to the market from the occupied West Bank and the Gaza LOANS: The Cities and Villages Development Bank (CVDB) has

agreed to loan Sheikh Hussein municipality JD 40,000 to construct a

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

A plastic art exhibition by Mohammad Bolis and Munica Tunisiyyeh at the Housing Gallery.

The May art exhibition at Al Wasiti Art Gallery, Plaza Hotel. An art exhibition hy Helen Grant at the Petra Bank Art * An exhibition of ceramics and silk flowers entitled "Amman

Embedded in the Heart" by Sana' Al Asir at the Housing Bank An exhibition of children's art at the Scientific Cultural Centre of Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation - 9:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.

An art exhibition by Aziz Ammoura at the Gallery Hall, Jabal An exhibition entitled "Grand Projects for the State: 1979-1989" at the French Cultural Centre.

CONCERT

* A finte concert by Wissam Boustany at the National Music Conservatory - 11:00 p.m.

A French film entitled "Frankenstein" at the French Cultural Centre - 8:00 p.m.

LECTURE

A lecture, in Arabic, entitled "Crafts in Jordan" by Abdullah Rashid at Al Raed Al Arabi School - 6:00 p.m.

Prince Khaled visits RSS, RJGC

AMMAN (Petra) - Saudi Air Defence Commander Prince Khaled Ibn Sultan Ihn Abdul Aziz Sunday paid visits to the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) and the Royal Jordanian Geographic Centre (RJGC), and was

briefed on their programmes. Force, Prince Khaled first called Minister of Agriculture Adnas Badran, and the secretary general of the Higher Council for Science and Technology (HCST) Dr.

Accompanied by the commander of the Royal Jordanian Air at the RSS where he met with Jawad Al Anani as well as RSS President Hani Al Mulqi.

development in the country. The Saudi prince toured the RSS departments and met with their directors who also explained the functions of their sections. The Saudi prince visited the RJGC and was hriefed by its director on the work of preparing maps and the modern techniques involved in the operations.

Leon hosts Jordan's history conference in June

published Thursday. Al Dustour quoted Director

حويان تأيمز بومية عربية سيلسية مستظف تصدر بالانطيرية عر الموسسة الصحصة الاربعية

Editorial Director: RAKAN AL MAJALI Director General: DR. RADI AL WAQFI Editor-in-Chief: DR. WALEED M. SADI

Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation. University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171-6, 670141-4, 684311, 684366 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO

Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Pimes is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times Advertising Department.

Closer to settlement

HIS Majesty King Hussein's vote of confidence in the administration of U.S. President George Busb to pursue seriously the peace process in the Middle East is matched by his equal confidence in the ability of Moscow and Washington to work together for the same objective. Such big power cooperation is the very ingredient that is necessary to put together the Middle East jigsaw puzzle in furtherance of the ultimate aspiration to settle once and for all the Arab-Israeli conflict in all its dimensions.

If, as His Majesty King Hussein has forecasted, the two superpowers are genuinely willing to cooperate and together launch joint diplomatic initiatives towards the resolution of the Arab-Israeli conflicts, then one can truly sigh with relief. There is no doubt that with Moscow and Washington working together and teaming up in improvising formulas for finally ending the hostility between the Arab parties and Israel, the Middle East can be sure that the beginning of the end of such conflict is in the cards. Hitherto the singular most important link that was missing in the quest for peace in the Middle East has been the tack of cooperation and coordination between the U.S. and the Soviet Union. Now, thank God, that missing link bas been restored and can be put to positive historic use.

'Nevertheless, there is always a lingering anxiety that the two superpowers may opt to put their collective national interests ahead of the just and legitimate rights of the Arab parties which have had a raw deal all along and ever since the inception of the Palestine question. It has not escaped the attention of the Arab side that way back in 1947, both superpowers acted in concert to create the state of Israel at the expense of the Palestinians. Now they have the opportunity to rectify that wrong by applying their joint efforts to rescue the Palestinian people from the twenty two years old Israeli occupation and replace it with a just and permanent solution on the basis of relevant U.N. resolutions, especially 242 and 338. It seems that at the time being they are just settle regional disputes would reach the Middle East as well. Lest anyone forget, His Majesty King Hussein has projected a long time ago that Washington and Moscow will eventually and by this spring move in earnest to diffuse the Arab-Israeli conflict and put in motion the process for the final resolution of the Palestinian question. Recent events prove



JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i daily Sunday dwelt again on the situation in the occupied Arah territories and Israel's escalation of repressive measures against the Arah population. This escalation, the paper said, coincides with Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's proposals for holding elections under occupation, something which is totally rejected by the Palestinian people and their legitimate representatives. It is obvious that Israel is employing the escalation of repressive measures against the Palestinians as a lever to force them to end the intifada and accept the Shamir plan, the paper noted. It said that the Palestinians who have offered so much sacrifice over the past 18 months can by no mean accept humiliation and subjugation to Israeli will and will not stop their revolt for empty promises. What the escalation of repression might lead to is further stepped up counter measures by the Israeli people and the freedom fighters and a development of the present methods that are being used to secure freedom and independence, the paper added. It said that peace does not go hand in hand with repression and usurpation of Arab land can only give cause to resistance and continued struggle.

Al Dustour daily discussed Lebanon in its Sunday's editorial referring to the shaky ceasefire there and the mediation of the Arab League's committee. The paper said that thanks to the committee's efforts the guns fell silent for three days now but that the ceasefire should extend indefinitely if a lasting settlement is to be achieved and bloodshed to end in the embattled country. The paper said that the mediation efforts paved the way only for the first step in a long process that could bring about reconciliation among the Lebanese factions and the Lebanese people. The paper described the mediation committee's step as a great achievement under the present circumstances because a halt to the fighting means a breathing space for the Lebanese people and an end to sufferings.

Sawt Al Shaab daily referred to King Hussein's continued concern to develop the Armed Forces and his continued visits to army divisions to inspect their combat readiness. The paper said thanks to the King's keen interest in developing the Armed Forces and his relentless efforts to provide them with up to date weapons that the nation enjoys a great measure of peace and security. The Armed Forces will remain, as the King wants them to he, a strong fortress protecting the Arab Nation and a shield in the face of external dangers, the paper said. The paper said that King Hussein who is committed to the principles of the Great Arah Revolt is devoting his time and effort towards serving this nation.

Weekly Political Pulse

Let's work out a national charter

THE seeds of the still raging conflict in Lebanon were sown several decades ago and date back to the inception of Lebanon as a nation-state in the forties. By all historical and political accounts, there was a continuous neglect in Lebanon of the national duty to promote a modern conceptdal framework of citizenship where one's religion or national origin would not encroach on one's citizenship rights and duties. By letting the traditional and parochial currents existing then to continue to control the governing system in the country for decades on end, it was inevitable that such currents would sooner or later clash head on as indeed they did ever since the beginning of the civil war there in 1976.

There is a big lesson to be learned from Lebanon for many countries, developed as well as developing. The sooner that lesson is learned and appreciated the faster would states with potential conflicts similar to that of Lehanon would be able to commence long range remedial measures with a view to nip the potential conflict in the bud. Accordingly any country caught fiddling with the development of the modern concept of citizenship would be better advised to heed the lesson of Lebanon and disinvest in any latent or overt current subdividing its people into factions that could end up competing instead of cooperating with one another.

In this context we in Jordan must seize upon the rare historical opportunity created for us by His Majesty King Hussein's call on Jordanians Wednesday to articulate a national charter that aims

for the elaboration of a national code of conduct. His Majesty also proposed that any such charter should find its inspiration in the principles of the Great Arab Revolt. At a time when the people of some Arab countries appear to be heading for the abyss of factionalism, h is most relevant to accentuate the message of the Great Arab Revolt which carried the banner of Arab nationalism as an overriding aspiration that supercedes all other considerations. This means that anything anathema to the Arah Revolt must be stricken out from the projected Jordanian code of conduct and the anticipated charter. It also follows that anything that could be reasonably construed as compatible with the Great Arah Revolt must not only be tolerated but also promoted and nurtured.

Having thus designated the borderlines for Jordanian national code of conduct, what is left is to gauge and assess accurately and faithfully the legitimate aspirations and yearnings of Jordanians. There are obviously two ways to go about this mission: Either we wait for the next national elections and use their result as instrument or catalyst to elaborate the desired charter or to conduct a scientific poll of Jordanian views and thoughts on the proposed charter under the supervision of a national committee that enjoys the trust and faith of all concerned. Coming to think of it, it is unfortunate that thus far poll taking has not become a feature of Jordanian national conduct especially in the absence of parliamentary life. What better way is there to measure the mood

of the country on issues whether domestic or otherwise? Had we adopted such a mechanism, the concerned authorities would have known before hand that the seeds of the riots that shook some parts of the country were sown some time ago.

And once the charter is adopted by national consensus, one would hope that it could serve as the guiding light and constitution for any futuristic political parties that the country may need to bolster the parliamentary experience in Jordan. One of the principal obstacles facing the formation of political parties in Jordan has been the constant and nagging fear that some of such parties may have more allegiance to outside interests than to national Jordanian public weal and welfare. The articulation and adoption of the projected national charter could put an end to such anxieties as all political pursuits would henceforth be subject to the constraints imposed by the provisions of the aspired

Jordanian charter. The apocalypse that had hit Lebanon due to the proliferation of factionalism and the lack of a coherent and truly national charter must never be allowed to take root in any other part of the Arab World. One Lebanon is too many. Now is therefore the time for all the Arah peoples to engage in the formulation of their respective national charter on the basis of the Great Arab Revolt which was the truly pan-Arah movement. And now is the time to open the file of that glorious revolt once again with a view to reawaken the Arah Nation to its true message and inspiration.

edge of two worlds

By Jeffrey Ulbrich The Associated Press

NOUAKCHOTT, Mauritania ---Mauritania, which straddles both the Arab and black African worlds, is trying to balance one foot in each.

It has embraced its Arab brothers to the north in the new union of the Great Arab Maghreh, which has yet to yield any major economic benefits, and is engaged in a bloody dispute with Senegal, its southern neighbour and largest trading partner on the continent.

Mauritania's population, esti-mated at up to 2 million, is almost evenly divided among whites of Arab-Berber extraction known as Moors, who dominate the government and most of the economy; Haratines, or black Moors, who are mixed-race descendants of slaves who adopted Berber customs; and black Africans from the Senegal River region along Mauritania's southern

But even as it turns north toward the other Maghreb countries of Morocco, Algeria, Tunisia and Libya in hopes they will to toun a limit-commo market, eyes are being cast with new interest toward the south. Two new dams on the Senegal River have opened up the perspective of greater agricultural opportunities.

Those developments, in large measure, are at the root of the recent trouble that has resulted in an estimated 260 dead in anti-Senegalese violence in Mauritania and anti-Mauritanian violence

in Senegal. Tens of thousands of people were repatriated to their respective homelands in an emergency air shuttle set up at the beight of the violence, sparked by a minor border incident in April.

The government is promoting a new agricultural policy, giving land to any individual or company willing to develop it in a country where 99 per cent of the more than 1 million square kilometres of land is covered by

The programme is attracting investment from many white Moors never previously interested in agriculture, a develop-ment resented by some of the country's blacks.

The dispute, both political and racial, comes at a time when Mauritania, an Islamic republic run by a military committee for national salvation, is making its first tentative steps toward demo-

There have been scattered local elections in the past year. The next step is nationwide municipal elections.

"An ephemeral democracy is not what we are looking for," Mauritania's president, Lt. Col. Maaouya Ould Sid'Ahmed Taya, said in a speech last month. "A healthy, efficient and durable democracy demands a change in our mentality and the eradication of ignorance and other social

A multiparty system and real parliamentary democracy don't appear to be in the immediate offing, however.

"Total democracy? That depends on the situation," said Information Minister Mustapha Ould Abedarrahman. "The president is a man of his word. Each time the context allows development of the democratic process, it happens. But it is impossible to say how long total democracy will

Mauritania also is restructuring its economy, at the recommendation of the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank. About one-third of the government-owned companies are being sold off; others are being reorga-

The Mauritanians are quite proud of having got a grip on servicing a foreign deht that stood at \$1.87 billion in 1987, according to World Bank figures. It said the gross national product was \$816 million last year, down from \$869 million in 1987.

Abedarrahman, an economist and former finance minister, says deht service ate up 35 to 40 per cent of the country's export income in 1984.

"We are now at about 22 per cent," he said. "We want to get it down to about 20 per cent, which manageable. But the restructuring, along

with a 15 per cent currency devaluation and a freeze on wages, has had its consequences. Many public sector jobs were eliminated. The government has established a special fund to belp people find new employment. Resettling the 50,000 Maurita-

nians repatriated from Senegal in the latest conflict also will be a financial burden on the government and will mean a sharp cuthack in remittances many of the people had regularly sent back home. Per capita income in Mauritania was ooly \$410 in 1987.

Also unknown is the impact of the April violence on the fishing industry, which has overtaken iron mining as Mauritania's biggest income earner. Nearly all of the country's fishermen were Senegalese, and nearly all of them fled, leaving the industry in a shambles and markets nearly empty of fish.

The trouble with Senegal also has led to fears of a resurgence of racial troubles at home. Senegalese say deep-seated racism among white Moors is at the heart of the conflict between the two countries. Mauritanian government officials vehemently

Racial violence in the 1960s by southern blacks fearful of further Arabisation of the country was harshly put down, and even discussion of race was banned.

The government claims to have stamped out the African Liberation Forces of Mauritania, a black opposition group, leaving it only with a few 'troublemakers" based in Dakar. The organisation's military wing tried a coup in 1987.

Mauritania: On the |In Hungary, independent periodicals challenge established media

Official tolerance of independent jour-

nals is one of the most visible consequences

of reforms introduced over the past year

by the Hungarian leadership.

.Kocsi said the publication has a the year.

good potential market and that

lar tabloid Reform magazine be-

cause there is no other political

Peter Toeke, editor of Reform,

says he does not feel threatened

by Vilag because his newspaper's

350,000-issue press run regularly

sells out and is estimated to reach

he founded as "centrist without

being partisan" and supportive of

the Communist Party's reform

wing.
Critics have labelled Reform

the "Big Mac" style of journalism

because it sandwiches politics

among popular features, fashion

and gossip. But Toeke says that

mixture explains Reform's suc-

media also is felt hy journalists at

long-established newspapers and

The effect of the independent

Even the weekly economic

journal Hvg, one of the most

outspoken hefore Hungary's

media landscape hegan to

change, is feeling the pressure.

He described the publication

million readers.

By Teddie Weyr The Associated Press

BUDAPEST, Hungary -- New independent magazines and newspapers are setting a higher standard for openness in Hungary and challenging state-run media to match their gloss and sensa-

Daring reports by journals like the colourful weekly tabloid Reform or the cultural monthly Kapu have created a competitive atmosphere for the older Communist Party organs and made it tougher for censors to muzzle their reporting.

The art of scooping has also

spread to the broadcast media, bringing to viewers and listeners previously unthinkable coverage such as last month's Hungarian TV interview with the leader of Czechoslovakia's 1968 reform movement, Alexander Dubcek. In early May, state radio

broadcast the entire speech of Imre Nagy, premier during Hungary's 1956 anti-Soviet uprising, who announced that Russian tanks had entered Budapest, Nagy was subsequently killed. Official tolerance of indepen-

visible consequences of reforms introduced over the past year by the Hungarian leadership, which is trying to bolster its popular support in a transition to a multiparty system.

Despite the changes that bave removed harriers to criticism of party policies and inspired more public participation in national affairs, editors complain their reports continue to be stifled by a chronic paper shortage and a state monopoly on distribution networks.

One editor, who asked not to be named, said the system allows authorities the opportunity for "blackmail."

The new political weekly Vilag (World), due out later this month, aspires to become a Hungarian equivalent to Time magazine or West Germany's Der Spiegel.

But the printing and publishing vagaries of the East Bloc would have required the editors to submit a design for a glossy colour cover three weeks in advance. Journalists called this impossible for a journal that aims to chart the rapidly changing course of Hungarian politics.

Vilag, founded by young jour-nalists disillusioned with their jobs at the Communist Party youth weekly Oetlet, operates out of a former army barracks and was still waiting for telephones and telexes to be installed ess than three weeks before its first issue was due out on May 25.

Ilona Kocsi, one of the paper's deputy editors, said Vilag was made possible by Hungary's more open political chimate. Atthough the staff is reform-oriented, she said the weekly, underwritten by a group of private investors, would be independent of any political parties or movements.

Kapu, a monthly devoted to teristic of Hvg in the past has culture as well as politics, is conbecome characteristic of essentialsidering a daily publication and ly all the serious publications," has taken steps to overcome the said Endre Bahus, a journalist at Hvg and a leader of the Glasnost Club founded last year to promote freedom of speech and press.

Babus said the weekly, recently converted to private shareholders' ownership, was weighing whether to become a political weekly or to focus on economics to appeal to managers operating within Hungary's increasingly

market-oriented economy.
While the competition has had its pluses for some official media. it also has inflicted some damage. The Communist Party daily Nepszabadsag has lost 200,000 circulation since the beginning of

The afternoon Mai Nap, par-

only independent daily to have

appeared so far. But many of the

independent groups and fledgling

parties formed in recent months

have said they intend to establish

paper shortage and post-office distribution monopoly. A West German paper manufacturer is to be one of Kapu's shareholders, and the editor-inchief, Zoltan Brady, said he has

contacted other editors to explore

the possibility of setting up an independent distributor. Since its first press run of 26,000 issues last September, the magazine has tested the outer limits of Hungary's openness policies. Its growing popularity is illustrated by circulation now at

Kapu was the first to publish the names of those executed after the 1956 revolt, and also carried excerpts from the memoirs of a former Romanian spy published in the West. That series was halted, however, wheo Romania threatened to break off diplomatic relations.

Brady himself was long blacklisted, had his passport revoked and spent 80 days in prison two years ago for a series be did on

Indicative of the changing times, he said it took only a wave of an official's band to gain per-

mission to publish Kapu.

LETTERS

their own dailies.

Investigate

To the Editor:

I WOULD like to propose to the Council of Europe, which comprises parliamentarians from 23 countries, or any international body, such as the International Court of Justice or the World Federation of Jurists, to appoint a fact-finding commission to examine thoroughly the lie that is being repeated round the clock and alleges that the Nazis exterminated, mostly in the gas-chambers six million Jews during the Second World War.

This allegation is being used incessantly to hlackmail Germany and tax the conscience of goodhearted people to make them acquiesce to the atrocities which are being perpetrated daily in

Palestine. I am sure that the existence of the tens of thousands of Jews still controlling the economy of Germany belies this allegation unless they are phoenixes, which come to life after being burnt to

George Khoury

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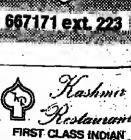
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To see Jordan from the sky

High Above Jordan Aerial Photographs by Jane Taylor Foreword by H.M. King Hussein

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — One of the great joys nf travelling in Jordan — should you ever have the chance to do so - is to roam over the landscape in a helicopter or low-flying airplane. The views are, literally, breath-taking, be-

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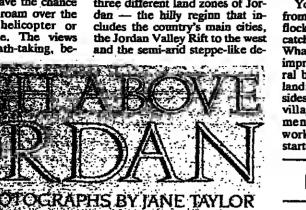
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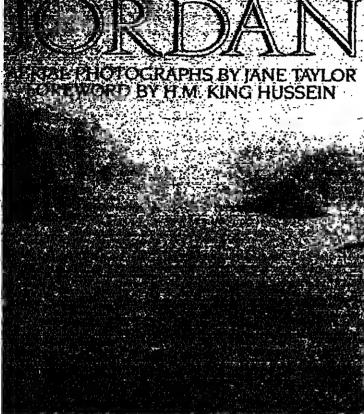
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ible

Reviewed by Rami G. Khouri cause of the extraordinary variety and beauty of a landscape which changes every few minutes. In some areas, you bave a panoramic bird's eye view over the three different land zones of Jor-





from one zone in another, gradnally noticing the changing ground cover and architectural styles. From the air, ynn weave in and out of the changing topography, quickly glimpsing the reality passing in front of you, a little bit like the sensatinn of flipping through the pages of a book. You don't see many people from the air - an occasinnal flock of sheep or berd of camels

catches the eye now and then. What you do see is that more impressive combination of natural beauty and man's use of the land: farmlands, terraced hill-sides, roads and large buildings. villages, hedouin tent settle-ments, orchards, irrigation works, and the like. That's for starters.

BOOK REVIEW

Then, there is the added pleasure, which I have been fortunate to experience precisely twice, of having a cooperative pilot who agrees in leave one if the helicopter doors open. A beautiful world suddenly doubles in intensity, enhanced by the noise of the engine and the feeling of the cool air rushing thrnugh the cahin. It is all quite exhilirating -spectacular perspective of the landscape and the ancient monuments below.

If you don't get the opportunity to do this in the near future, probably the closest you can get is to buy this book which Jane Taylor has photographed and published herself. Though there are other aerial photographs of Jordan published in books that include many ground-level scenes, as far as I know this is the only published collection purelly comprising aerial photographs.

amning residents and visitors In a car, you slowly meander alike.

The author, a British national, briefly taught bistory hefnre mnving into her current field nf television productinn, writing, photography and publishing. This is the third book she has published.

Whether nr ant you buy the book, you would find it worthwhile to visit the exhibition of aerial phntographs which opened nn May 14 (for ten days) at the Alia Art Gallery on the First Circle of Jabal Amman. The 40 photographs (those published in the book and some others as well) are all for sale, with proceeds donated to the St. Jnhns Ophthal-mic Hospital in Jerusalem. The book is large size (26 x

34cm), with a hard cover, fourcolnur dust jacket, and 64 pages of high quality colour printing. Wisely, she has kept the text down to a minimum, allowing the colour photographs to dominate. Each two-page spread is devoted to a single site (except Petra, which gets five), and each photo-graph is spread out across nearly two pages.

Next to each image, below about half a column of text, is a smaller photograph which complements the main picture. Often, this smaller photograph is a close-up of people, which provides the human quality often missing from the more monumental and panoramic ae-. rial pictures.

After a full-page map of Jor-dan, a foreword by His Majesty King Hussein, and a succinct introduction of nearly four pages which outlines the main periods of historical development in Jordan, the reader quickly takes off on a most enjoyable aerial journey around this land - a land which man has inhabited and used for hundreds of thousands of years, and which nature has moulded for millions of years.

The trip bas a distinctly archaeological and historical flavour to it, as about two-thirds of the pictures are of ancient monuments or major historical sites. The most important ones are all bere — Petra, Jerash, Umm Qais, Amman, the desert castles, Mt. Nebo, the three castles at Ajlnun, Shnbak and Kerak, Azraq, Umm-el-Jimal, Machaerus, Madaba and Pella. Natural scenes include Wadi Rum, the village of Dana, and a shepherd and his flock walking along the hills of Gilead, while the pbnto nf a bedouin encampment near Petra, amidst rockhewn Nabataean structures, perhaps best symbolizes the relationship between man and earth that has always defined historical forces and episodes in this, and every other, part of the world.

There is a range of technical and artistic achievement in this book; but, like with all such endeavours, each person will react to individual photographs in a personal and subjective manner. The majority of photographs are technically impressive — well composed and precisely exposed, hringing out the rich colours and dramatic contours of the Jordanian landscape. In most cases, the aerial perspective also permits us to appreciate aspects of a site or a structure which we would not easily see from ground level.
For example, the Jerash photo clearly reveals the temenos

(sacred) precinct) around the Temple of Artemis, and the grid layout of the colonnaded streets. The views of Mushatta and Tuha two large, unfinished Umayyad era desert castles, show the outlines of the complexes in a manner that is impossible to appreciate from the ground. One of the Petra photographs is probably the only chance you'll have — unless you soar off a local mountaintop, — of seeing the treasury, the theatre and Qasr el-Bint temple in a single view. And the pictures of Azraq and Umm el-Jimal put the antiquities in a fresh and accurate perspective - either nestled among modern houses and water pools (Azraq), or (Umm el-Jimal) sprawling and penetrating deeper into the surrounding semi-arid countryside, which turns green when water is

The high places of Petra

stored and used for irrigation -

now as in ancient times. Only a few photographs struck me as slightly below the otherwise high standards of the rest of the collection. The panoramas of Amman, Aqaba, Wadi Rum and Madaba are rather grainy, and flat in their colour rendition perhaps because all the other photographs are so sharp, crisp, colourful and vivid. Aerial photography is perhaps less appropriate for Oasr Kharana than other sites because of the castle's modern cement roof which detracts

from the rest of the structure. It's embodies the magic and art one of the few structures I know of photography - to see and to of in Jordan which is more impressive from the ground than from the air. And the two views of Wadi Rum (on the cover and inside) and that of Agaba see to have been taken at a time of day when the lighting was not at its most clear or sharp, and a higher book such as this, one which perspective might have produced brings the thrill of aerial photo-

the rest of the collection, which them at the same time.

more dramatic images. These few

shortcomings, however, are quite

marginal in the face of the high

technical quality and beanty of

capture a mnment in your own If that mnment should occur when you are a photographer hanging out of a flying machine several hundred metres above the ground, the result is a splendid

graphy and the special beauty of

the aerial perspective to a wider

audience which should enjny

these photographs and learn from

Mussel rafts of Chiloe

By Oscar Chaparro

and the "THE ESTUARY doesn't yield much any more," says Sigifredo Lehuin, a mussel producer in Yaldad on the southern Chilean whenk island of Chiloe. "There used to be natural beds of mussels everywhere, but now people who want to earn a living from the sea have to farm it.

Lehvin and four other families are working with a research team from the Austral University's Institute of Marine Research to set the dr : up mussel culture facilities in the

took other area. "The only solution left for us is to build mussel-growing rafts," says Lehuin. The five families now have two rafts in place, which annually produce 20 to 24 tonnes of mussels for each family. Their results have encouraged other fishermen to follow their example --- in 1987, 15 other local families joined the project.

The island of Chiloe has always is to been renowned for its seafood. Its clear waters and numerous protected bays have traditionally to been very productive. Some years ago, though, several processing plants were set up on the island but overharvesting soon wiped the si out this natural resource.

In 1984, with IDRC's assistance, the Institute of Marine Research started work nn "chorphoenix itos", a local name for the mussel known scientifically as Mytilus chilensis. The team also studied giant massels (Choromytilus chorus), known locally as "choro zapato", as well as oysters.

At a small research station in Yaldad, biologists are discovering how these organisms grow and reproduce. In mussels, reproduction occurs in the water when "gametes" (mature germ cells) fuse, thereby producing larvae. The larvae then swim about for three or four weeks hefore attaching themselves permanent-

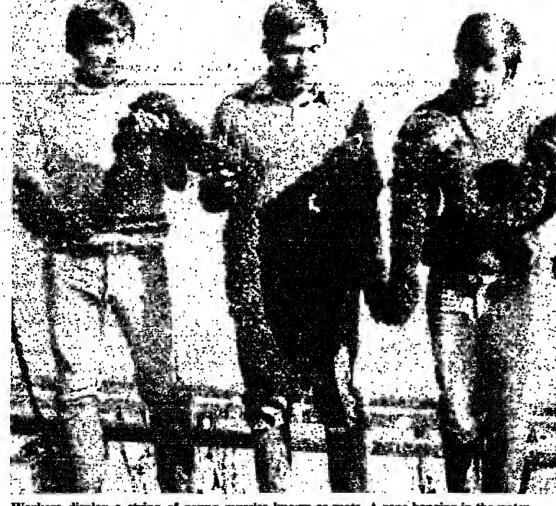
ly to an object. Researchers examined the behaviour of this molluse in great detail and attempted to answer various questions. Where and when are larvae to be found? How long do they swim about? When and to what do they usually attach themselves? The researchers also looked into aspects of

mussel marketing. Using their results, Yaldad has become the largest producer of spats (mussel embryos) in the country. In fact, production increased from 30 tonnes in 1984-85 to over 1000 tonnes in 1988-89.

Rafts made from local. materials

On Chiloe, suspension rafts seemed to be the best production method. Similar rafts are found in many mussel operations throughout the world, so the technique for building them was not new in itself. But the researchers improved the rafts hy using local materials (including wood). This cut the costs so that artisanal fishermen and farmers in the re-

gion could afford them.



Workers display a string of young mussles known as spats. A rope hanging in the water below the raft serves as a point of attachment.

began to express a desire to participate in the project. Several artisanal fishermen who had been helping out the researchers were interested in their technological success and said they themselves were prepared to try mariculture.

The researchers waited until they had completed all their biological studies and had gathered all the necessary information before involving the local population. Even then, the technology was introduced

In 1986 five families were selected to participate in the experiment. "They were chosen for their sense of responsibility and serious attitude," says project director Jurgen Winter, of the Austral University in Valdivia, Chile. "This was important because the future of our efforts to disseminate the technnlngy depended on these families. If we had failed with them, no nne would have wanted to get into mussel culture."

The families visited the Yaldad station to learn mussel culture techniques. Station staff also showed them how to assemble the all-important rafts. A year later, the families were able toharvest the fruit of their labour splendid mussels that would be quickly snapped up on the market. The money earned was reinvested by the families in a

News of the success of these families spread quickly and there The local community gradually are now 19 small family enterprises producing mussels in the region. Heads of families were all trained at the Yaldad statinn as part of the project.

Seed for all

Besides helping families living near the Yaldad station, the project also stimulated the establishment of other mussel culture ventures by supplying local entrepreneurs with the spats needed to start their own operations.

Yaldad Bay is still a preferred site for gathering spats. Twentyfour mussel culture enterprises have set up their collectors in the bay. The harvest of spats is sent to other sites where the mussels are raised to market size. The hope is that some of these sites will in turn become spat suppliers in the near future. Visitors from various South

American countries have visited the Chiloe installations and are considering how the technology might be applied in their regions.

Dr. Winter himself is surprised at the results. "Initially, we thought convincing the local peo-ple would be the hardest part. But in the end it happened all by itself. Our experimental raft aroused the interest of the first families, who had no difficulty in convincing their neighbours.

The researchers are now working on other molluses to diversify local production and prevent market saturation.

Biologist Oscar Chaparro works at the Institute of Marine Research of the Austral University of Chile. Some of the interviews for this article were conducted by Sergio Sanchez Bahamode, a journalist in Santiago.

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Iraq to complete Basra reconstruction next month

BASRA, Iraq (AP) — The reconstruction drive in this southern port, devastated during the Gulf war, was extended for a month because of the scale of the project, the governor has announced.

Governor Anwar Said Al Hadithi told the Associated Press in an interview that the renovation projects were extended until June 12 to cover further parts of the city and involve new projects.

President Saddam Hussein last February set a three-month deadline to complete the reconstrucoon, which includes removing war debris, clearing part of Shatt Al Arab waterway, and rebuilding the city's infrastructure.

At least 90 per cent of the buildings in Basra were destroyed or damaged in fierce Iranian artillery barrages during the eightyear Iran-Iraq war. Iranian troops reached within 10 kilometres of the city last spring before being driven back, and 1raqis consider the city a symbol nt their defence.

After the August ceasefire, the Iraqi government announced it would invest \$5 hillion in rehuilding Basra.

Al Hadithi said most of the work originally planned was completed, but more projects under an additional \$1 billion allotment three months ago was unfinished.

He said six small rivers in Basra had been cleared of dehris, their banks resurfaced and forty

HOT SPRINGS, Virginia (AP)

- The nation's top business lead-

ers have predicted that economic

growth this year will taper off

from an already slackening pace,

but they nonetheless radiated

confidence that a recession can be

In its semiannual forecast, the

Business Council predicted that

growth, as measured by the gross

national product, will fall to 2.9

per cent this year and to 1.7 per

Although that would represent

a significant slowdown from the

healthy 3.9 per cent pace posted

last year, the council expressed

"general optimism" that no eco-

nomic downturn is likely in the

Indeed, the council's consensus

report forecasts that growth will

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cent in 1990.

next two years.

locations.

o (p.m.)

bridges constructed. A new electricity grid and new pipe network for drinking water

have been installed. Iraqi authorities have said they will build a new drinking water processing plant in Basra that will receive water from the Euphrates near Nasrriya, 120 kilometres

Residents consider the current water from the Shatt Al Arab too

Al Hadithi said the government had opened its purse and offered unlimited allocations to fund the development plans in Basra which the government wants to be "Iraq's most beautiful and elegant city."

Iraqi nfficials have said the city was to be rewarded for its suffering during the war.

But the city still bears scars from the shelling, including shrapnel holes in buildings and thousands of decapitated palms. A reforestation programme is underway in the famous palm

The government has encouraged the population of Basra who left their houses during the war to return by offering them plots of land, cash gifts and loans or African Development Bank.

U.S. business leaders see

fourth quarter.

in 1988.

slower growth, no recession

rehound in the latter part of 1990.

rising from 1.4 per cent in the first

quarter to 3.1 per cent by the

"This suggests not only that

recession will be avoided but that

the economy could be headed in

1991 toward an unprecedented

ninth year of peacetime cyclical

oves of 65 of the nation's largest

corporations, said the anticipated

slower-growth trend for the near

future comes largely from an ex-

pectation that exports and busi-

ness investment will contribute

less to the economy this year than

The panel's economists also

expressed concern about worsen-

ing inflation extending into 1990,

with some corporate analysts ex-

pecting price increases to advance

at an annual pace exceeding six

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The council, made up of execu-

expansion," the report said.

grants of up to 10,000 dinars against repeated Iranian (\$32,000) to build new homes. The government is offering

similar incentives to its employees from other towns to move to Basra. Ai Hadithi said the city, Iraq's

second-largest, is back to its prewar population of 1.5 million. An estimated balf the population fled during the shelling.

Among the projects to be implemented during the one month extension of the development scheme is the installation of 96 statues of senior Iraqi officers killed while defending the city onslaughts.

The statues will be erected on the cornicbe of the Shatt Al Arab with their arms pointing east. toward Iran, "warning against the dangers which have always come from Iran," the governor

The government did not use independent contractors for the reconstruction drive. relying its own men and machinery to do the

At least 100,000 workers and 40,000 machines from different parts of the country were dis-

Even so, governments still

tread gingerly and analysts warn

that changes so far must not only

stand the test of time but must be

followed by more reforms if they

new investment regime is not sufficient by itself," Morison Sife-

lani, president of the Confedera-

oon of Zimbabwe Industries, said

of his country's oew strategy.

"It should be stressed that the

are to succeed.

the reconstruction of the city of the cities."

"What we are doing cannot be compared with the sacrifices of thousands of brave men who lost their lives in defending Basra," said Nawaf Abdullah. an engineer supervising work in downtown

Abdullah was tniling under the scorching sun to repave a street in the city's nld sector.

Basra had heeo the country's main outlet to the sea, but lack of progress in the peace talks keeps peace talks.

patched to take part in the pro- the Shatt Ai Arab blocked with ject, called "the national drive for most of the 75 ships caught there when the fightig erupted.

Iran insists that a 1975 treaty drawing the southern border between the countries down the middle of the waterway is still valid.

Baghdad says the treaty was abrogated shortly before the Guif war broke out in September 1980 and that the border, defined under an earlier treaty lies on the eastern, Iranian bank.

The dispute helped spark the war and remains a knot in the

Africa loosens red tape on investment

NAIROBI (R) — Black Africa is starting to snip away red tape strangling private business. but may have to shred it more vigorously to tempt new foreign inves-

Zimbabwe last week became the latest state in the past year to streamline investment rules, or signal plans to do so, in a hid to attract capital and stimulate its

ecocomy. "The attitude of most African countries is now more favourable to private sector development," says Peter Rwelamira, an economist with the Abidjan-based

er price index combined to page a

The council's consensus call is

for a five per cent rise in consum-

er prices in both 1989 and 1990,

up from 4.4 per cent in the past

"The central view is that

although the flare-up of prices

early in 1989 was an aberration.

price behaviour overall will not

improve appreciably until mid-

It said future price increases

would be held down somewhat by

a falloff in oil prices, which were a big part of the first-quarter

The council's report, based on

the judgment of 19 corporate economists, said a minority of the

analysts remain concerned about

"the lagging effects of inflation

and believes that there will be

echoes from both the earlier

surge in inflation.

Inflation worries have beight- period of strong economic growth

ened this year as several sharp and the oil episode for some time

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monthly advances in the consum- after growth decelerates.'

1990." the report cautioned.

during the first quarter.

two years.

He called for trade liberalisation and a relaxation of price policy to support last week's reforms, which included an easing of controls on fureign sharehulders' funds blocked in local banks and tax concessions for mining companies which are seen as the

earners. Other plans are for a single investment centre to speed up processing of project proposals like the "one-stop-sbop" concept already introduced by Mauritius, 6.1 per cent annual inflation rate and Kenya.

most promising foreign exchange

The Indian Ocean island of Mauritius, with one of the few stable multi-party democracies in Africa, set an impressive pace in its search for international invest-

ments. Guaraoteed repatriation of capital and dividends, tax and other incentives have lured investors from Hong Kong, Taiwan, Singapore, Britain, France, West

now thriving industrial export processing zone. Botswana, the world's third

largest diamend producer, also offers attractive tax inceotives in an effort to diversify its economy, and applies no exchange controls. But there are few such attractive havens for investors in a cononent where growing foreign debt, recessioo, poliocal uncertainty, rigid currency cootrols, overvalued exchange rates and

to deter foreign investors. "Private investment flows and bank lending have been reduced to a trickle," the U.N. Economic Commission for Africa remarked in its 1989 report last month.

bureaurcratic delays have tended

Many of the countries that have started to introduce more' flexible policies have done so under reforms snught hy the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank in return for

much needed aid. The reforms include budget cuts, devaluations to make exports more competiove, loosening of import and export controls, more emphasis on market forces, wage and emptoyment restraint and privatisation or streamlining

of bloated state enterprises. Yet the World Bank, in a report published last month, said of sub-Saharan Africa: "Its real effective exchange rates remain Germany and South Africa to a high, with currencies overvalued

hy perhaps a third compared with its (trade) competitors.

Foreign exchange shortages remain a major headache, leading to reduced manufacturing ontput because of curbs on imports of raw materials, a decline in new investment and other problems. Ethiopian Airlines, for exam-

ple, has \$40-\$50 million forzen in other African countries which it is uoable to transfer because of currency shortages.

Ethiopia is one of a handful of Marxist-Leninist countries, including Zimbabwe. Angola and Guinea Bissau, which have adapted investment codes or taken other steps to woo foreign investors.

Angola has become the second biggest producer in suh-Saharan Africa, attracting names like Conoco and Unocal from the United States, France's Total and Elf Aquitaine and British Petroleum Co. PLC.

Elsewhere, countries like Ghana, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Senegal, Uganda and Nigeria are stepping up efforts to foster private investment.

But progress has not always matched expectations. Bankers in Nigeria, black Africa's higgest economy, recently voiced concern that a much vaunted policy announced in January to open up areas of industry to foreign husiness bad yet to be made law.

Daimler expects lower Mercedes output

STUTTGART, West Germany (R) — Production of Mercedez-Benz luxury cars will fall by three per cent next year because of a West German government tax on automobiles.

Edzard Reuter, managing board chairman of Daimler-Benz, West Germany's largest company, told reporters 1989 car output would be around 542,000 vehicles after 559,713 in 1988. Reuter blamed the decline on a Bonn government levy which sets

a higher tax on diesel cars than on petrol-driven vebicles for environmental reasons

"The fall is due to the diesel situation," Reuter said.

The company's finance director Gerhard Liener said the strong mark last year had also helped to depress sales in dollar markets as this made Daimler's products more expensive.

Reuter said Daimler's profits were unlikely to rise above the 1.70 billion marks (\$890 million) earned in 1988. "The profit will be at 1988's level," he said.

Daimler is currently negotiating to buy a controlling stake in the Messerschitt-Boelkow-Blohm GMBH (MBB), West Germany's largest aerospace group in wbat would be the largest takeover in West German history. The deal was vetoed last month

hy West Germany's anti-trust au-thority, the Federal Cartel Office, because it said Daimler wnuld monopolise the country's arms and aerospace markets.

Daimler has since asked Economics Minister Helmut Haussmann to overrule the office's decision and Reuter warned the Bonn government it could look

elsewbere if the deal was blocked.

"We could achieve in other ways our declared aim of becoming internationally competitive in the aerospace field," Reuter said. Haussmann has four months to decide whether to give the goahead to the deal. Daimler has been negotiating with the Bonn

government over MBB for more than two years. The government wants to see the aerospace group in private bands so as to reduce state subsidies for MBB's holding in the

European Airbus manufacturing consortium. MBB is currently majority owned by three regional state governments, with the halance of its shares held hy a group of West German industrial companies.

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ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

Pay 1988 income tax before June

AMMAN (Petra) - The Income Tax Department has called on taxpayers to submit statements on their 1988 income as soon as possible and before the end of May. A department spokesman said that those who fail to submit statements by the said deadline will be liable to a two per cent fine for each month delay. The department director Salman Al Tarawneh said he was satisfied with the positive response and cooperation of the majority of taxpayers which have already submitted statements about Ibeir incomes in 1988. The department normally grants exemptions reaching up to eight per cent to taxpayers who pay their dues in the first three months of the fiscal year. According to Tarawneh. those with accumulated tax can pay their dues in monthly instalments in accordance with a timetable to be worked out with the department.

Ayyoub inspects slaughter house

AMMAN (Petra) - Supply Minister 1hrahim Ayyoub Sunday inspected the Greater Amman Municipality's slaughter house and watched the process of handling and distributing fresh meat arriving in Amman from abroad. The minister urged officials to take measures designed to ensure fair distribution of meat to all regions and said that all workers in the slaughter house should preserve cleanliness at all times. He said that vehicles transporting meat to various areas should also be kept immacuatley clean to ensure the public health safety.

Innab leaves to Damascus

AMMAN (Petra) - Industry and Trade Minister Ziyad Innah has left to Syria to take part in the general assembly meeong of the Syrian-Jordanian Free Zone Company. The two-day meeting will review the company's activious in the past year and endorse a report on the closing accounts and the general budget. Innab and the Syrian Ecocomy Minister Mohammad Imadi will co-chair the meeting which will also review projects that will be implemented in 1989 and this year's fiscal hudget.

Syria raises wages, prices and fees

DAMASCUS (R) - Syria announced pay rises for government workers and retired people Saturday, along with increases in petrol prices and customs duties to pay for them. President Hafez Al Assad issued a decree orderiog 25 per cent increases from June for all government employees, including the police and the armed forces, to compensate for a rise in the cost of living. Retirement pensions went up by 15 per cent, raising the monthly maximum for retired men to 2,500 Syrian pounds (\$223). The increases will cost the government about 5.5 billion pounds (\$491 million), financial sources estimated. This will be covered by raising fuel prices hy between 25 and 50 per cent and increasing customs duties on some commodities by 50 per cent. A litre of petrol will now cost 15 pounds (\$1.33), up from 10 pounds, and a litre of diesel two and a half pounds (22.3 ceots), up from two pounds.

Italian air staff ordered to work

ROME (R) - Fransport Minister Girogio Santuz has ordered air traffic controllers to drop plans for a six-bour strike Monday. The transport ministry said Santuz ordered members of the Licta Union, who have been striking for a new contract, to work as usual Monday. Air travellers in Italy have suffered delays and cancellations for weeks due to various strikes by state-run airline Alitalia pilots, cabin crew and flight technicians. Santuz, who ordered the controllers back to work once last month, has threatened to hire foreign airlines to guarantee air travel in Italy during the peak summer season unless workers and employees sorted out their

Finns to help Iran build shipyard, rigs

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) — Iran has signed a contract worth more than \$63 million with a Finnish company to belp build of a shipyard and oil rigs for drilling in the Caspian Sea, state-run Tehrai Television bas said. The television, monitored in Nicosia, quoted Oil Minister Golamreza Aqazadeb as telling a news confereace the contract was signed with Rauma Repola of Finland for construction for "jack-up" rigs and service ships for the offshore project. He said the shipyard and oil rigs will be constructed within 40 months by the Iranian company, Sadra, supervised by the Finnish contractor, the television reported. The Caspian exploration project will be carried out with belp from the Soviet Union, which also borders the inland sea. Agazadeh said that a contract was also being negotiated with the Soviets for lease of a drilling crane, the television reported. He added that seismographic tests in the Iranian part of the Caspian seabed had revealed at least 39 large oil deposits, the television reported.

China to double oil imports from Iran

NICOS1A (R) — China has agreed to double its annual crude oil purchases from Iran to two million tonnes, the Iranian news agency IRNA said. It said the agreement was included in a number of letters of understanding signed in Peking during President Ali Khamenei's visit to China. "Increased oil sales to China will be effective in the growth of bilateral commercial exchanges," the agency, monitored in Nicosia, quoted Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayao as saying.

Oman to build ferro-chrome plant

MANAMA, Bahrain (AP) - Oman is planning to build the Middle East's first ferro-chrome plant at an initial investment cost of \$6 million, the sultanate's state-run Oman daily Observer has said. The starting production is expected to be between 25,000 and 50,000 tonnes a year, said the paper. It said the capacity would be fixed and construction started after studies of seven newly-found chrome deposits are completed in about two years. The plant will be set up at Majan, oear the state-owned copper snielter at Sohar on the Gulf of Oman. Ferro-chrome is used largely in arms production. Chrome deposits were first discovered in the sultanate in 1974. Approximately 90 per cent of world production of the mineral comes from the Soviet Unioo and South Africa.

Mauritius fails to lure banks

PORT LOUIS (R) — Mauritius has finally received its first offshore banking licence application, five months after opening up for husiness as a tax haven, banking regulators have said. London-based Barclays Bank has applied to open an offshore facility on this Indian Ocean island but none of the other seven institutions which have expressed an interest has yet made up its mind, the officials said. Offshore banking allows financial institutions to lend money and take deposits in foreign currencies without the taxes or regulations imposed by their home governments. Some banks are unhappy with the Mauritian offshore regulations "which are out to our expectations in so far as offshore is concerned," said one bank executive, who asked not to be identified. Bank executives would not say exactly what they objected to in the Mauritian legislation but the World Bank, in a recent report. complained of 'a level of regulations borderiog on the burden some" which could keep Mauritius from developing as a regional banking centre for the Indian Ocean. The Mauritius banking law includes some disclosure provisions and so-called "know-your client" regulations aimed at preventing money-laundering.

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

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NBA Playoffs

Bulls beat Knicks

Jordan scored 40 points, 16 io a pivotal second quarter, leading the Chicago Bulls to a 111-88 victory Saturday over the New York Knicks and a 2-1 lead in their hest-of-7 NBA playoff

The loss virtually puts the Knicks into a must situation for game oo. 4 Sunday.

Meanwhile, the Phoenix Suns beat the Goldeo State Warriors 135-89 Saturday in the playoffs. Jordan keyed the second quarter, in which the Bulls stretched a 24-20 lead to 66-46 and left the

Knicks gasping.

Patrick Ewing, who led the
Knicks with 19 points, scored eight of New York's first 12 trelped chop the lead to 83-67 affer three quarters.

Charles Oakley opened the fourth period with a hasket for New York, but John Paxson and

Any hopes the Knicks might have had for a late comeback were sidetracked by Jordan midway in the final period when he scored seven points in a little more than a minute for a 98-76 The Bulis made the first run of

Jordan scored successive haskets

to up the lead to 87-69.

the game wheo they turned a 9-8 lead into a 22-11 advantage with Jordan, Scottie Pippen and Bill Cartwright leading the way.

Jordan left the game at that point, and the Knicks put on their pressure defense. They outscored the Bulis 9-2 with Treot Tucker hitting his first 3-point hasket and Kiki Vandeweghe scoring four

The quarter ended with Chicago holding a 24-20 lead.

Jordan returned in the second quarter, and the Bnlls cracked open the pressing defence with a

17-8 run for a 41-28 lead.

Rain dampens Indy heats

INDIANAPOLIS (R) — Rain washed out scheduled qualifying for the Indianapolis 500-mile motor race Saturday, pushing back the battle for pole position until Sunday.

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Rick Mears, defending champion, turned in a stunning 226.231 mile per bour (364.073 kin/h) lap around the 2.5-mile (four kilometre) Indianapolis motor speedway Oval in his Penske Chevrolet Friday, unofficially the fastest ever run on the track. The three-time winner set track

records in 1988 of 220.463 MPH (354.791 km/h) for one lap and 219.198 (352.755 km/h) for four

Several other drivers hroke the 220 mph (354 km/h)mark in unofficial practice Friday including Briton Jim Crawford at 225,960 (363.637), four-time champion Al Unser Sr. at 225,723 (363,256). 1986 race winner Bohhy Rahal at 224.662 (361.548), and former Formula One champion Emerson Fittipaldi of Brazil at 224.494 (361.278).

GOREN BRIDGE

A STEP IN THE WRONG DIRECTION!

Both vulnerable. North deals. NORTH 2. Q 10 3 ♥ K 10 9 6 ♦ A Q 6 WEST EAST ◆ AKJ5 ∇ Void. O J 10 9 7 2 + 10 8 7-4 ··· SOUTH

9862 * Q J. 1 4 1 4 2 V. 4 V Pass Pass

Opening lead, Seven of . We all have a bit of larceny in our hearts. If we indulge our weakness could be disgraceful. If we do so at the bridge table and are successful, we can earn accolades from our

We are taught from the day we team bridge never to overcall on a four-card suit. We are taughr wrongly. If you can show a good four-card major, such as East's, at the one-level, it is criminal not to do so. In this case the overcall had little effect, except to get West off to the right lead. North, who had rated his

hand as too strong for a one no trump opening, showed his values by bouncing into game at his second

West led the top of his spade doubleton. East woo the jack and king, and continued with the ace. The cormal action by West would be to discard a minor-suit card, and had West done so declarer would have had a better than 50 percent chance of guessing right in the trump suit.

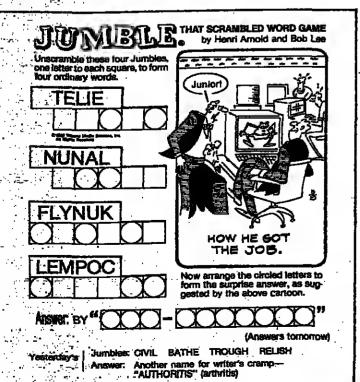
Instead, West came up with a devilish ploy. Instead of sluffing, he ruffed his partner's acc (another no-no, according to bridge lore) and shifted to a diamood, taken by

Consider the position from declarer's point of view. He had been wondering how to tackle the trump suit when it seemed that his problem had been solved for him. If West were guarding the queen of trumps, why should he ruff his partner's trick? So he called for the table's king of hearts—down onc. It is quite likely that, left to his

own devices, declarer would have started trumps by leading the ace from hand oo the theory that, since West was short in spades, he was more likely to have heart length. Therefore, we salute West for his acumen in giving declarer a nudge in the wrong direction.



I put my dentures under my pillow, but the Tooth Fairy didn't show up. So we're still broke."



SPORTS IN BRIEF

Polish student springs judo surprise

HELSINKI (R) — Polish student Rafael Kubacki sprang a major surprise at the European judo championships Saturday by winning the heavyweight title — his first medal in a major international competition. And he did so in the most emplace manner, throwing East Germao Thomas Muller, semiinal cooqueror of world champion Grigory Veeritchev of the Soviet Umoo, for an ippon after just one minute 20 seconds of the final. He hooked Muller's right leg and as the German turned to evade the throw Kubacki swept Muller off his feet and flat on to his hack with a classic example of Nidan Kosoto Gari.

Lendl upset, then fired up

HAMBURG, West Germany (R) — World oumber one Ivan Lendl was upset, theo fired up, by repeated interruptions for rain during his unfinished semifinal with home hope Carl-Uwe Streeh at the West German Open tennis championships Saturday. Czechoslovak top seed Leodl lost the first set 6-4 when he dropped his serve twice after an interruption of one hour 40 minutes with the score 3-3. But following a second hreak of two hours at the end of the first set, Lendi took charge against his West German opponeot and swept to a 5-0 lead in the second set before further rain forced play to be ahandoned for the day. The other semifinal tie betweeo Wesi German second seed Boris Becker and Austrian Horst Skoff could not start and will be first on the centre court schedule early Sunday, tournament officials said. Leodl and Steeh will resume their semifinal afterwards and officials said the final would be staged Monday.

Maradona helps Napoli to 1-1 draw

NAPLES, Italy (R) — Diego Maradona returned from a two-match absence through injury to set up the goal which helped Napoli to a 1-1 draw with Roma in their Italian first division soccer match Saturday. Maradona sat on the bench throughout a goalless first half, having missed two league games because of back pain and been involved in a war of words with Napoli earlier in the week about his future in Italy. But a delighted home crowd cheered as the Argentine World Cup captain strode unexpectedly oo to the field at the start of the secood half and immediately looked dangerous with two free kicks within eight minutes. In the 58tth minute, Maradona scrambled swiftly to his feet after a fall and fired a glorious pass to Careca from which the Brazilian striker scored his 16th league goal of the season. Roma. eight behind league leaders Internaziooale and secood-placed Napoli, looked out of the match but hit back through West German Rudi Voeller, who headed a surprise equaliser in the 74th minute.

Easy win for Lewis in Tokyo

TOKYO (R) — Olympic champion Carl Lewis of the United States coasted to an easy victory in a 100 metres race at the Tokyo International Athletics meeting Sunday. Lewis, winner of six Olympic gold medals, finished in 10.39 seconds in his second outdoor 100 metres event of the season and said afterwards he was pleased with his performance. "I feel pretty good. My goal this year is to break the harriers of 9.90 seconds in 100 metres and 29 feet in the long jump," Lewis said. Compatriot Jope Deloach, Olympic 200 metres champion, clocked 10.47 seconds to win another 100 metres race. A brilliant triple jump by American Kenny Harrisoo was ooe of the highlights of the one-day invitation meeting. He improved his personal best by 0.33 metres with a winning jump of 17,45.

FORECAST FOR MONDAY, MAY 15, 1989

YOUR HOROSCOPE

by Thomas Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The most favorable approach to this day will incorporate clarity, dedicatioo and intelligeoce. Even an old joke can sound fresh! Tie loose ends

together and finish projects. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You are rapidly achieving the status you seek. It may be difficult to stick to established routines. Find a suit-

able outlet for your enthusiasm.
TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Take nothing for granted. Do not rely on second-hand solutions for old problems. Deal only in essentials. Reorganize priorities. GEMINI (May 21 to Juna 21) It

is hard to look forward unless you set definite goals. It is also difficult to define just what you want, let alone find it. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 lu

MOON CHILDREN Grane 22 to
Jul. 211 Avoid raising your hopes
abova what is possible. Happinesa
comes from an internal message
that you seek to hear.

LEO Jul 22 to Aug. 211 You hava
a yearning to be to the spotlight.
There is a danger of overloading
work schedules. Return to hasics
and do only what is necessary. and do only what is necessary. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sep1. 22) You feel there is something missing

from life. There is a choice: Be stuck in emotional mud or exchange an outlook for a better one.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Investigate a significant legal issue in order to understand procedures and laws. Social compatibility is impor-SCORPIO Oct. 23 to Nov. 211

Adapt yourself to the needs of someone whose attention you seek. You feel anger when dealing with old-fashioned prejudicial ideas. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21] You are sure, swift and vibrant

today. Approach discussions as a learning experience. Join warm-hearted friends. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) The scenario for today offers strug-gles along with great hope. You learn ideas on bow to shape your

wn destiny.
AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 10 Feb. 19) Be more aware of education as a

power to make dreams come true.
Avoid negative thinking, and concentrate on what is possible.
PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You learn as you teach. Share your ideas, information, and a lively imagination with others. Graze in the intellectual pasture.

THE Daily Crossword by Dorothy B. Martin



Connors blessed with easy Italian Open draw

ROME (R) - Jimmy Connors scheduled to make his first appearance at the Italian Open tennis championships for 14 years, was handed an easy route through the early stages Sunday wheo he was drawn to meet qualifiers.

The former world number one. seeded fifth here, will play qualifiers in the first and secood rounds of the \$1 million tourna-

ment which starts Monday.

But things should get harder for him later oo.

He has been drawn to meet fourth seed Kent Carlssoo of Sweden, a clay court specialist, io the quarter-finals and if he upsets the seedings to overcome that hurdle he could expect to find 19-year-old fellow-American Andre Agassi in the semifinals.

Agassi, seeded to meet former champioo Mats Wilander in next Sunday's final, beat Connors in straight sets in the U.S. Opeo quarter-fioals last year.

Connors, 36, has oever reached the final here and last appeared at the Foro Italico in 1975 when he played only io the doubles. His return is eagerly awaited by fans who were disappointed to learn Friday that his compatriot John McEoroe had pulled out of the tournament.

Agassi, ranked fifth in the world, will open his Italian campaign against another American, Todd Witsken, while Wilander, huilding up to defend his French Open title in late May and June. takes on Argentine Javier Frana, 120th in the computer rankings.

Italian Open semi-finals

Sanchez swans into finals

ROME (AP) — Fourth-seeded Arantxa Sanchez of Spain swept past no. 14 Nathalie Tauziat of France 6-1, 6-3 Saturday to advance to the final of the \$300,000 Italian Open women's tennis championships.

Top-seeded Gahriela Sahatini of Argentioa. the defeodiog champion, faced no. 10 Bettina Fulco in the other semifinal at the Foro Italico.

Sanchez, who has oot lost a set during the tournameot, played nearly flawless clay-court tennis to oust Tauziat in one hour and 15 minutes.

Hitting confidently from the backcourt, the Spaniard hroke serve four times to the first set as the flustered Tauziat committed a series of unforced errors.

Tauziat, who had lost the first set io her previous four matches, settled down and moved out to a 3-2 advantage in the second set. But the world's 33rd-ranking player missed an easy overhead in

the oext game, allowing Sanchez to break serve.

The Spaniard, ranked 11th in the world, then ran off the next three games for the match, closing out the contest with a forehand winner.

For Sanchez, the Italian Opeo marks the sixth straight tournameot in which she has reached at least the semifinals. She routed Sabrina Goles of Yugoslavia 6-0,

6-3 in Thursday's quarterfinals. While Sahatini looked sluggish and vulnerable this week, the 17-year-old Sanchez was the only semifinalist who had not lost a

set. She lost only 13 games in

three matches. Feisty, always moving, Sanchez relentlessly pounded her twoforehand. She also showed versa-tility against Goles, mixing in lobs and drop shots to change the

"I have a lot of match confidence after playing so many tournaments and doing so well," she said. "I ve improved my game a lot. I'm very confident. I feel perfect. I'm much stronger men-

tally than last year."

Despite her unproven record on faster surfaces. Sanchez said she's ready to join Graf, Sabatini, Martina Navratilova and Chris Evert in the chite of women's

"I'm no. 11 right now, and I will go even higher after this tournament," she said. "I think 1 have a chance to make it into the top three."

Sanchez's buhhling confidence cootrasted with the despondent mood of Saharini, who said she lacked motivation because Graf, Navratilova and Evert skipped the tournament.

wins world title Chavez

INGLEWOOD, California (AP) - Julio Cesar Chavez woo the World Boxiog Council super lightweight title Saturday night with a 10th-round knockout of Roger Mayweather, who told the referee he could oot cootinue

because of stomach cramps, Mayweather, knocked out in the second round by Chavez in 1985, kept the rematch close, although his left eye was puffy and almost completely shut because of a punch in the eightb round.

Referee Hank Elespuru checked with Mayweather, who was slumped on his stool after the 10th round. Then, Elespuru suddenly declared the fight over.

The victory at the forum gave Chavez a 63-0 record with 53 knockouts. He now owns three world titles — the WBC light-weight and WBA lightweight crowns in addition to the one be took from Mayweather. Their previous meeting was a super featherweight bout at 130 pounds (59 kilogrammes) io which Chavez retained his WBC title.

Aithough Chavez, 26, landed some telling punches, there were no knockdowns in the scheduled 12-round bout.

Mayweather seemed to be fighting the unbeaten Chavez on virtually even terms, although Mayweather was penalised two points in the earlier rounds.



The singers perform an exciting range of repertoire from virtually every musical period and

THE AMMAN MARRIOTT HOTEL HOSTS THE SINGERS

The famous American troupe "Brigham Young University Singers" is currently touring the Kingdom upon the invitation of some major charitable societies and the Amman Marriott Hotel.

Around the world the group is widely known for its enchanting and joyful performances of the best of all kinds of vocal music. The group consists of more than forty five outstanding singers and players of classical and contemporary music.

The singers will be performing at the Amman Marriott Hotel on May 16th at 7:30 p.m. in Al Waha Ballroom. Tickets are available in the hotel. Cost JD 3.000 for adults and JD 2.000 for children.

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- Knowledge of programming is a plus

Flucat in English

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Only full-time positions are available. If you think you qualify for any of the above positions, send your resume and supporting documents to: Ideal Systems Co., General Manager, P.O.Box 182756, Amman, Jordan.

Peanuts









BY JOHNNY HART

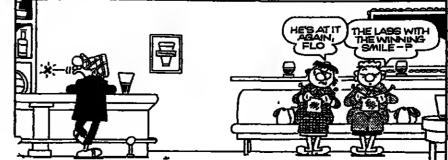
B.C.

MY PIT BULL SNARLS AND GROWLS AT EVERYONE THAT COMES BY!





Andy Capp







Students battle riot police with stones and firebombs in South Korea

Fierce clashes erupt in South Korean city

KWANGJU, South Korea (AP) Charging riot police lashing out with truncheons and shields Sunday disperse thousands of people who marched for a second day to protest the death of a radical student.

Waves of riot police tore into a crowd of ahout 5.000 people in front of the provincial govern-ment headquarters and drove them back. Screaming protesters were trampled underfoot as troopers broke up the crowd after some people tried to force their

way past police. Radical students pelted police with rocks and hricks as fighting surged up and down Kwangju's main street. Hundreds of onlookers jeered and yelled insults at police who tried to clear the street hy marching in lines with

interlocked shields. "Down with the military dictatorship" protesters chanted. "Drive out the Yankees."

Some police and protesters were hurt in the fighting. Police officials said they had no figures on injuries.

Ahout 5,000 riot police in green comhat fatigues and hlack visored helmets surrounded the government huilding and broke up the protest. The march Sunday was smaller hut more violent than similar protest Saturday.

A smaller march earlier Sunday by about 1,000 people was peaceful except for some pushing and shoving between police and protesters. Riot troopers sang a police fighting song to try to drown out protesters singing antigovernment songs.

A much larger crowd assembled in the afternoon for the second march to the government headquarters. Chanting protesters tried repeatedly to break through lines of riot police in front of the headquarters before troopers with black one-metre truncheons charged to drive them

Protesters were marching to denounce authorities over the death of student Lee Chul-Kyn. Dissidents claim police tortured and killed him. "Lee Chul-Kyu" protesters chanted.

Lee's hody was found last Wednesday in a reservoir near Kwangju, a provincial capital 280 kilometres south of Seoul. Police, who were hunting Lee for anti-government activities, have denied any involvement in the

In Seoul, officials said pathology tests were heing conducted Sunday to determine if Lee's body contained plankton, which they said would suggest that he died by drowning. Initial results would be released Monday, they

Student leaders told a news conference Sunday they would appeal to Amnesty International to conduct an independent investigation of the death if an official Korean probe concludes police

were not responsible. Kim Hyung Jang, one of the student leaders, claimed government pathologists were helping cover up police involvement in

Sweden

Reform calls hit new peak on eve of Gorbachev visit

Students occupy Peking square

PEKING (Agencies) — Thousands of Chinese students ignored pleas from the authorities Sunday and massed in the centre of Peking to demand political reforms on the eve of an historic visit by Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev.

As Gorbachev left Moscow for where Chinese leaders are to welthe first Sino-Soviet summit in 30 years, Chinese government officials met student leaders to try to

halt the growing protest.
"Give us democracy or give us death," said one banner held aloft by students, who had marched or hicycled to the vast Tiananmen Square Saturday and camped there overnight despite government pleas ro go home. Many of the students, on hun-

ger strike to press their demands. vowed to remain in the square

We will stay here until we are satisfied the government is prepared to give us political reform, with the summit.

said one Peking University stu-Communist Party chief Zaho As many as 10,000 onlookers crowded into the square, where banners proclaiming "Hunger Strike" fluttered from the flag poles supposed to fly the Chinese

and Soviet flags Monday. Teachers from two of Peking's most prestigions universities

threatened to go on strike Monday if the government did not give concrete signs of political

Senior government leaders in-cluding Peking Mayor Chen Xitong and top education official Li Tieying, met about 40 students late Sunday to seek a compromise and spare China the embarrassment of the protest coinciding

Ziyang urged the students Saturday not to disrupt Gorbachev's visit. The party's organ, the People's Daily, ran a front-page editorial Sunday also calling on students to "cherish the country's reputation" and not interfere with the summit.

The official Beijing daily, meanwhile, announced that the central Beijing square will be cleared of all pedestrians and traffic Monday, the day Gorbachev arrives.

Early Sunday, students and workers began flocking to the square to watch the excitement and express their support for the fast. Scattered groups of dozens of students, carrying banners and posters calling for sweeping democratic change, lined the main boulevards to the square.

Several dozen students organised as a glee club arrived at mid-morning and began serenading students with a tuneful rendition of the "Internationale," the

withdrawal operations after ceas-

when South African troops and

Sonth West African anti-in-

surgency police units returned to

their bases.
They had been searching for SWAPO fighters who had crossed the border from Angola April

the day a U.N.-supervised in-

Territorial officials say 316

dependence procedure was to go

SWAPO fighters and 27 security

force members died in the subse-

into effect.

S. Africans resume

The students said they were prepared to continue their sit-in until Gorbachev's arrival. The Soviet leader is to receive an official welcoming ceremony Monday afternoon in front of the Great Hall of the People, facing the 40-bectare square.

State television broadcast film of officials meeting student leaders, and showed thousands of students huddled against the chilly night air in Tiananmen Square. Many of them smiled and raised their fingers in a victory sainte.

Senior leaders Sunday also met journalists who have risked losing their jobs to sign petitions pro-testing against restrictions on re-porting the student campaign.

quent fighting. Most of the fight-

ers have since returned to

A military spokesman said

South African forces have re-

sumed their operations to pull

equipment out of the territory

and reduce their forces to 12,000

men by the time refugees from the 23-year-old war, including un-armed guerrillas, begin returning to participate in the November

elections. The withdrawal proce-

dures had been suspended during

The question of whether or not

the independence process will re-

main on schedule will be deter-

mined Monday, when representa-tives of South Africa, Angola, Cuba, the United States and the

Soviet Union meet in Ruacana,

on the Namibian-Angolan bor-

der. They must determine if the

armed guerrillas have left the

territory and the situation has

the fighting.

Dolphin kidnaps

another's newborn

MARINELAND, Florida (AP)

— A dolphin with a strong maternal instinct had to be isolated after she kidnapped a newborn dolphin and refused to allow the natural mother near the baby, Marineland officials said. "This is the second time she's done that. She wants a baby so bad," park spokesman Bill Puckett said. Liz has since been returned to the main dolphin tank following the abduction last month. Officials say the baby dolphin is now old enough to fend for itself. The baby was abducted by Liz April 7 after a dolphin amed Betty gave birth in a buse tank that holds Marineland's 20 Atlantic bottlenose dolphins. Liz, who is be-lieved to about 22 years old, has never had any babies, Puckett said. She apparently chooses Betty's babies to kidnap because Betty is much weaker than the other adult females in the tank. Soon after the dolphin was born, Liz swam in and pushed the 14-to 18-kilogramme haby away from its mother. Officials worried that the bahy would starve if it could not get milk from its mother. That happened two years ago when Liz kidnapped another of Betty's babies and the young dolphin died 13 days later.

Uninvited guest

SEOUL (AP) — A woman sued the man she planned to marry because his former live-in girlfriend showed up uninvited for the wedding - which was then in damages for mental stress and repayment of wedding costs from Pak Chang-Sn, 32, her intended Pusan, said the wedding was canshowed up unexpectedly at the wedding hall.

spoils wedding

cancelled, according to news re-ports. The Korea Herald said 26-year-old woman, identified only as Shin, was seeking \$21,000 groom. The suit, filed in district court in the sontheastern port of celled after a woman who had lived with Pak for seven years

Rhino de-horning starts in Namibia

WINDHOEK (R) - Conservation officials in Namibia have begun cutting the horns off live black rhinos to protect them from poachers. So far this year poachers have killed 16 of the highly endangered animals to ohtain their horns, Jan Joubert of the Namibia directorate of animal conservation said. The idea is that poachers will not bunt hornless rhinos. The horns are cut off while the rhinos are sedated. They feel no pain because the horns are made up of dried fibres.

Fewer bubbles from Champagne region

PARIS (AP) — A spring frost that hit vines in eastern France this year will mean fewer bottles of buhhly in 1989, the champagne producers association said. In a written statement, the group said it could not yet put a precise figure on how much production would be affected by the late chilling of the Champagne region. But, they indicated, about one-quarter of the vines in the area were hit hy the cold. In some areas, the growers said, practical-. ly all the vines were affected and it seemed likely that some vineyards would produce very few grapes.

Robbing mosque to pay prostitute

ANKARA (R) - Turkish police has arrested a man who stole \$150 from a mosque to pay for a prostitute. "It is easier to hreak into mosques. There is a lowlevel of risk," Anatolian news agency quoted Musfata Duyar, 31, as saying after his arrest in the western city of Brisa. He faces up to two years in jail.

Global weather

(major world cities)

AMSTERDAM ... M M M M M

C F C F Weathe

ATHENS____ NEW DELH 25 NEW YORK 11 - 11 52 21 70 Cloudy - 07 45 17 63 Cloudy - 11 52 29 84 Clastr - 17 63 25 77 Cloudy - 10 50 17 63 Cloudy PARIS ... TOKYO.

Cut in E. Germany forces next on Soviet agenda

By Ralph Boulton

BONN (R) — Kremlin leader in recent weeks Western repor-Mikhail Gorbachev's peace ters have seen East German army offensive rolls on this week with a partial pullout from East Ger-

many by Soviet tanks and troops. The withdrawals from West Germany officially begin Wednesday under sweeping military cuts promised by Gorbachev in a speech at the United Nations in December.

But Western reporters visiting Soviet soldiers preparing for the pullout last week at Altes Lager, south of East Berlin, were told a thousand tanks had already rumhled hack across the Urals without fanfare in the last two

In all, 4,000 tanks and more than 10,000 troops will be pulled back from East Germany, according to Soviet officials.

In line with Gorbachev's policy of openness, Western journalists will be allowed to cover Wednesday's withdrawals from Altes

LONDON - British author Sal-

man Rushdie, forced into a sha-

dowy secret life by Iranian

death threats, remains under

police guard, apparently risking only occasional forays into the social whirl he had known.

Iranian President Ho-

jatoleslam Ali Khamenei said

Thursday that the "death sent-"

ence" against Rushdie for blas-

phemy remained in force,

scotching hopes of an end to his

"We don't know where he's

living. It's secret," a spokesman

for Rushdie's agent Aitken and

Stone said. "We speak to him

from time to time and he sounds

Unconfirmed reports in the

British media have 41-year-old

alright, hut we know no more."

isolation.

units being dissolved and watched Soviet forces leave Hungary.

come Gorbachev Monday.

The Soviet partial pullout from East Germany, where the hulk of Moscow's military might abroad is concentrated, has great symbolic value.

It is certain to win a few more points for Gorbachev in the propaganda war, coming two weeks before the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation's (NATO) 40th anniversary summit May 29-30 where the allies will try to patch up their differences over whether to start talks with Moscow on short-range nuclear missiles.

In his U.N. speech, Gorbachev promised to withdraw 50,000 men and 5,000 tanks from the three front-line states of East Germany, Czechoslovakia and Hungary by 1991.

The withdrawals, if carried out as announced, will cut the number of Moscow's divisions on the During similar publicity events territory of its allies from 30 to

Rushdie hiding in the Cotswold

Hitls of western England, locked

in heated argument outside a

London pub and relaxing in the

But the Indian-born author

has made no formal public

appearance since Iranian spir-itual leader Ayatollah Rubollah

Khomeini denounced his novel

"The Satanic Verses" as heresy

in February and urged Muslims

Several newspapers carried reports that Rushdie broke out

of his isolation and attended a

secret dinner party with profes-sors at Oxford University in

But he was bundled out of a

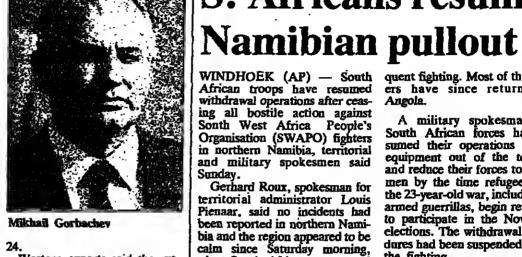
side-entrance by detectives and

rushed off in a bullet-proof car

to kill him.

April.

capital's smart wine bars.



Western experts said the cutbacks, along with reductions announced by East European countries in their own forces. would change the military balance in Central Europe to the West's advantage.

Analysts said it was becoming clear the Soviet cuts would weaken precisely the forces that cause NATO most concern those capable of mounting a sur-

after police spotted Muslim stu-

dents nearby and feared an attempt on his life.

Security sources say Rush-die's bodyguards are, unlike

most British police, constantly

Before Khomeini's Feb. 14

death threat, Rushdie had been

feted at literary dinners and

receptions and awarded the pre-

stigious Whitbread Prize for

The novel, which questions

tenets of Islamic theory and

practice, sparked riots through-

out the Islamic World. Iran's

threats against Rushdie stirred

tensions with the West and led

to a complete rift in relations

Rushdie has apolngised

through his publishers for any

offence his book may have

caused. But Iran's Islamic lead-

between Tehran and London.

"The Satanic Verses."

Rushdie faces future in isolation as threat renewed

ers have made it clear they see no forgiveness. His 19th century home in the north London district of Isling-ton, which he abandoned hurriedly with his American wife after the worldwide starm

erupted, remains empty. macbine carries a woman's voice explaining that she is "not able to take to call right now." Rushdie's life in hiding could

be far from over. "The bullet has been shot," President Khamenei told a news conference Thursday in Peking. 'It has his name on it and sooner or later it will reach the target."

Rushdie has turned down an invitation to stand as a candidate in Italy in next month's elections to the European Par-Rushdle's decisinn was

announced Friday at a congress of Italy's Republican Party, which, along with the liberal and radical parties, invited him Under Italian law, citizens of

other Enropean Community (EC) countries will be allowed to run in the June 18 election.

A message to the congress in Rimini from Rushdie's British literary agent said he was grateful for the offer but had decided after careful consideration to

turn it down. "We do not need to say that there were many difficult and delicate considerations to make

No to politics

in reaching this decision," the message said. It did not elabo-

Baltic republics launch joint drive TALLINN, USSR (Agencies) -

Hundreds of activists from the three Baltic republics have handed together for the first time to demand economic and political autonomy and an end to what is seen as Moscow's meddling in their affairs hy next year.

Leaders of popular fronts from Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania also drafted a resolution charging that President Mikhail Gorbachev's drive for perestroika, or restructuring, has failed to curb economic decline. Another resolution claimed the

tiny but progressive republics have the right to choose any economic system that would meet material needs, protect the environment, and hreak the stranglehold of Moscow-based planners and officials.

"The only chance we have to get better is to get rid of this vampire that is sucking our hlood," Dainis Ivans, president of the Latvian People's Front. told the assembly. "But we can't do it separately, we can only do it together - as three Baltic sis-

Speakers also arged the Kremiin anally to recognise the existence of secret clauses to a 1939 Nazi-Soviet pact under which the Baltic states were absorbed into the Soviet Union in 1940, ending two decades of independence.



nations from what appeared to be their death throes has been amazingly swift, unified, unanimous and universal," said Mati Hint, current president of the Estoman Popular Front.

The Estonian. Latvian and Lithuanian peoples are ready to accept responsibility for their own destinies again.'

Fellow front member Lima Tonisson urged the Estoman authorities to submit to the new Soviet parliament a draft law making the republic completely independent economically by the start of 1990.

"Several months, worth their value in gold, have been lost," she said, adding that failure to but the issue to deputies in Moscow at this month's session would make it too rate for the plan to go ahead on time.

In a call echoed by speakers from Latvia's Popular Front and the Lithuanian Sajudis movement, Tonisson also urged the

republics towards creation of a 'Baltic common market." "We should unite or at least

coordinate our efforts in the field of tourism, trade, fishing, ship repairs, transit haulage and other similar areas," she said.

At the start of the two-day 'Baltic assembly," other speakers voiced growing demands m all three republics for Soviet authorities to come clean on the 1939 Molotov-Ribbentrop pact ahead of its 50th anniversary in August.

"The Soviet govrernment will sooner or later have to take decisive steps in order to free itself of its heavy foreign policy legacy,' said historian Kullo Arjakas. The Kremlin has always in-

sisted the three republics joined the Soviet Union of their own free will in 1940 — a position rejected by Western historians. and challenged openly over the past year in the Baltic republics.

The openness of debate at the

assembly — unthinkable just a

year ago — is proof of the speed of political change in the highly developed northwestern corner of the Soviet Union.

All three movements scored resounding successes in elections to the new Soviet parliament, often defeating establishment leaders, and are expected to be a liberalising forces at its first session next month.

Ceslovas Stankevicius, a Lithuanian militant from Kaunas, said Lithuanians have been told Gorbachev had supported the Republic's Communist Party chief, Algirdas Brazauskas, when he explained the law to a meeting Friday at the party's Central Committee headquarters in Moscow. But others attending the meeting reportedly opposed it.

A law being considered by the Tallinn assembly calls for "a transition to economic independence" in the Baltic republics by

Killer or crack? Miami ponders 17 puzzling deaths

ledges that the cause of death remains unknown. and investigators say they are as frustrated as

"If, in fact, there is a killer or killers out there. or if it's caused hy crack cocaine, we just don't know yet," says John Farrell, chief of the headquarters division of detectives for Metro-Dade police. "We consider them open cases and we're investigating them as if they were homi-

Federal Bureau of Investigations (FBI) behavioural scientists and experts from the national centres for disease control in Atlanta have been called in by local authorities to study the sparse data. Their reports are not complete.

Farrell notes that there is not even a proven link among the deaths. However, there is a

The bodies of all but one of the women were found in a narrow, predominantly black section of Miami and an adjoining suburb. They were lying in overgrown vacant lots, abandoned houses or back alleys and appeared to have recently engaged in sexual activity. All but two bad traces of cocaine in their blood. Most were known as willing to trade sex for crack money. None, however, showed any signs of trauma or

unknown. The latest known victim, Peggy Gooden, 27, was discovered April 2. "The geographic distribution of these cases lends support to a presumption of probable

violence, and the cause of death is listed as

homicide based on... the absence of other proven alternatives at this time," Davis said. There are several theories on the killings, but

lengths to hide his method of killing the women. The working assumption is that the killer would somehow strangle or smother them - a difficult cause of death to establish. And police say it strains credulity that the

ing, fighting or resisting enough to show signs of Dr. Lee Hearn, chief toxicologist for the medical examiner's office, says the bodies were even checked for cyanide, but no traces were found. People who are poisoned generally show

signs of illness before their deaths, and none of the women did. That leaves the possibility of a previously unknown kind of chemical reaction in which small amounts of cocaine - perhaps coupled with genetic factors, a rundown physical condition or sexual stimulation — resulted in sudden

But that theory too has problems, Hearn notes. Why isn't the same phenomenon occurring outside this narrow area, in New York, Los Angeles or even neighbouring Fort Landerdale? And why is it affecting only black women? There are plenty of white crack addicts as well. Why aren't they dying?

Two of the women had no cocaine at all in their bloodstreams, Hearn notes, although it is always possible that their cases are unrelated to the rest. One possible explanation for the narrow geog-

raphical distribution of the deaths could be a single dealer distributing crack that is cut with a deadly chemical. But officers sent out into the area to buy samples have found nothing unusual. Hearn says tests did not disclose any such toxic

"We just don't know what's killing them," Farrell says. "And the people in the street are just as confused as we are. Some think it's a killer, and some think it's the crack. But we'll keep on investigating, and we'll find an answer.

